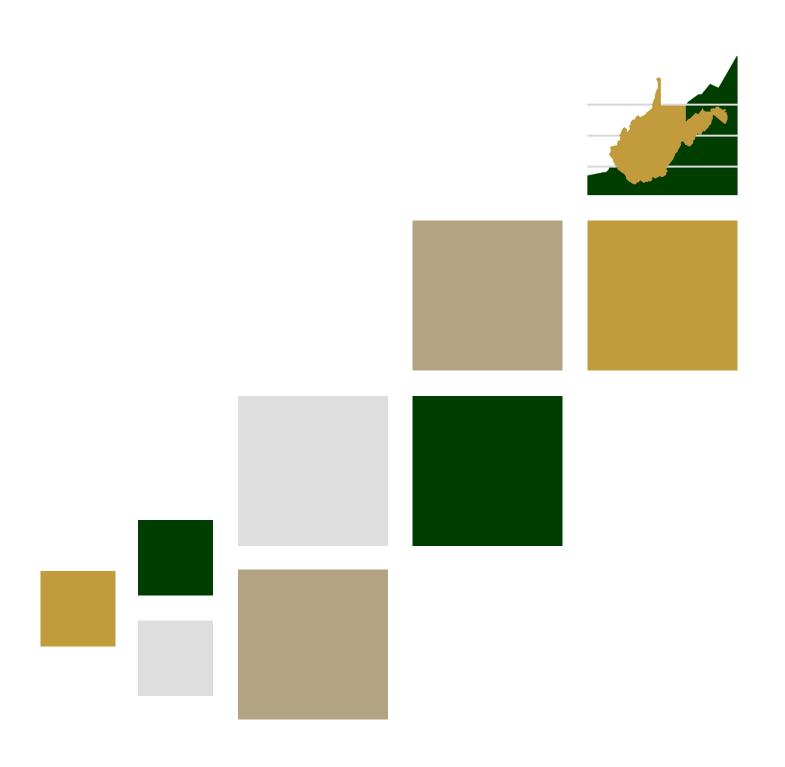
# West Virginia Investment Management Board

# **Financial Statements**

August 31, 2023



## Financial Statements – Unaudited

August 31, 2023

#### **Order of Presentation**

Portable Alpha

Large Cap Domestic Equity

Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity

International Qualified

International Nonqualified

International Equity

Short-Term Fixed Income

Total Return Fixed Income

Core Fixed Income

TIPS

Private Markets

Hedge Fund

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

#### Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
Alternative risk premia funds		\$ 2,117,416
Commingled equity fund		1,675,653
Fixed income investments		830,688
Derivative instruments		122,408
Money market mutual fund		516,337
Receivable for interest and dividends		 5,147
	<b>Total assets</b>	5,267,649
Liabilities		
Cash due to broker		105,469
Accrued expenses		503
Payable for investments purchased		 15,000
	Total liabilities	 120,972
	Net position	\$ 5,146,677
Unit data		
Units outstanding		96,888,529
Net position, unit price		\$ 53.12

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Month</b>	Year To Date
Investment income (loss)		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	\$ (89,786) 3,555	\$ 58,271 7,282
Total investment income (loss)	(86,231)	65,553
Expenses		
Investment advisor fees	(92)	(186)
Custodian bank fees	(2)	(4)
Management and other allocated fees	(139)	(287)
Professional service fees - direct	(13)	(25)
Total expenses	(246)	(502)
Net investment income (loss)	(86,477)	65,051
Unit transactions		
Proceeds from sale of units	-	1,631
Amount paid for repurchase of units	(125,650)	(215,641)
Net decrease from unit transactions	(125,650)	(214,010)
Decrease in net position	(212,127)	(148,959)
Net position, beginning of period	5,358,804	5,295,636
Net position, end of period	\$ 5,146,677	\$ 5,146,677

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the Portable Alpha Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool's objective is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, the S&P 500 Index over three- to five-year periods. The Pool has three main components: 1) a domestic large capitalization equity beta replication manager and the related margin account, 2) a portfolio of alternative risk premia funds, and 3) a domestic large capitalization equity index manager. Russell Investments Implementation Services (Russell) is the equity beta replication manager. Russell primarily trades S&P 500 futures contracts and invests the margin account in fixed income securities and a money market mutual fund. Albourne America has been retained by the WVIMB to provide consulting services for the portfolio of alternative risk premia funds. Alternative risk premia funds are similar to hedge funds, but are fully systematic, fully transparent to investors, charge no performance fees, and are highly liquid. The remainder of the Pool's assets are invested in the BlackRock Equity Index Fund B (BlackRock). BlackRock uses a replication indexing approach to achieve investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the S&P 500 Index.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 4 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Futures contracts are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the exchange on which they are traded.
- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's
  custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer
  quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury
  securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies (RIC) or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

• Investments in alternative risk premia (ARP) funds are generally securities for which market quotations are not readily available. The WVIMB has concluded that the net asset value reported by the underlying funds approximates the fair value of these investments and consequently these investments are carried at net asset value as a practical expedient for fair market value. These investments are redeemable with the fund at net asset value under the original terms of the agreements and operations of the underlying fund. However, it is possible that these redemption rights may be restricted or eliminated by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the net asset value of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the WVIMB's interests in the funds. The WVIMB believes that the net asset value of such investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of August 31, 2023.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Cash Due to/from Broker - The Pool records cash amounts due to or from brokers on the Statement of Net Position as Cash due to/from broker. Such amounts are required by brokers for margin on centrally cleared futures, considered restricted, and reported net.

**Futures Contracts** - A futures contract is an agreement between a buyer or a seller and the clearinghouse of a futures exchange in which the parties agree to buy or sell a commodity, financial instrument or index at a specified future date and price. Upon entering into a financial futures contract, the WVIMB is required to pledge collateral to the broker an amount of cash, U.S. government securities, or other assets, equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount (initial margin deposit). Cash (variation margin) is received from or paid to the broker on a daily basis for the fluctuations of the underlying securities or index.

The market risk associated with holding equity index futures results from changes in the market value of the contractual positions due to changes in the value of the underlying instruments or indices. Investment risk associated with these futures contracts arises because the value of the futures contracts may not correlate perfectly with changes in the values of the underlying instruments or indices due to market distortions.

Other risks associated with futures contracts are liquidity risk and credit risk. Liquidity risk arises when there is insufficient trading in a particular futures contract. Credit risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of the contracts. The WVIMB's managers generally only utilize futures contracts that are traded on major exchanges or are executed with major dealers. The major exchanges assume the risk of a counterparty default and generally require an initial margin deposit of cash or securities.

**Structured Securities** - The Pool invests in asset-backed securities (ABS) to enhance yields on investments. Changes in market interest rates affect the cash flows of these securities and may result in changes in fair value. The overall return or yield on these securities depends on the changes in the interest and principal payment pattern and market value of the underlying assets.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative financial instruments held in the Pool are limited to equity index futures. These futures are not designated as hedging instruments under GASB Statement No. 53; they are used to obtain S&P 500 market exposure. See Notes 1 and 2 for additional information on the Pool's purpose for entering into derivatives and for discussion on the risks associated with investing in these derivatives.

The table below presents the fair value, the fiscal year to date net increase (decrease) in fair value, and the notional amount of derivative financial instruments outstanding as of and for the period ended August 31, 2023:

		Net Increase				
		(Decrease) in Fair Value				
Derivative Type	Fa	ir Value	of Investments		Notional Value	
Futures contracts:						
Equity index futures long	\$	122,408	\$	22,724	\$	3,528,351

#### NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at August 31, 2023. The Pool's investments in ARP funds that were valued using the NAV have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

Assets	 Level 1	 Level 2	]	Level 3	 Total
ARP fund (RIC)	\$ 226,204	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 226,204
Certificates of deposit	-	56,400		-	56,400
Commercial paper	-	264,322		-	264,322
Commingled equity fund	1,675,653	-		-	1,675,653
Corporate ABS	-	14,327		-	14,327
Foreign corporate bonds	-	3,001		-	3,001
Futures contracts	122,408	-		-	122,408
Money market mutual fund	516,337	-		-	516,337
U.S. corporate bonds	-	6,936		-	6,936
U.S. Government agency bonds	-	22,367		-	22,367
U.S. Treasury issues	-	312,024		-	312,024
U.S. Treasury inflation protected securities	 	151,311		-	 151,311
Total	\$ 2,540,602	\$ 830,688	\$	-	\$ 3,371,290
ARP funds					 1,891,212
Total					\$ 5,262,502

The following table presents information on investments measured at the NAV as of August 31, 2023:

				Redemption
ARP Fund Strategies	F	air Value	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
Directional (a)	\$	341,023	Monthly	10 to 30 days
Multi-Premia (b)		1,412,827	Daily, Weekly, Semimonthly, Monthly	3 to 60 days
Relative-Value (c)		137,362	Monthly	30 days
	\$	1,891,212		

- (a) Directional funds employ various techniques to forecast the direction of segments of the market and then invest in either long or short positions. The segments may be geographic economies, industry sectors, currency, or asset class. The investments may be in physical securities or derivatives. The strategies may be trend-following or mean-reverting and may be specific to that segment or universally applied across them.
- (b) Multi-premia funds combine several strategies within the same fund in order to provide diversification benefits to reduce return volatility and decrease asset-class and single-strategy risks. These funds typically add incremental returns through allocation adjustments based on market opportunities. Risk is managed through a variety of quantitative constraints including, but not limited to, active risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, manager risk, derivatives risk, and leverage risk. Investments representing approximately 6 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (c) Relative-value funds maintain positions in which the investment thesis is predicated on the realization of a valuation discrepancy in the relationship between multiple securities. Managers employ a variety of fundamental and quantitative techniques to establish investment insights, and security types range broadly across equity, fixed income, derivative or other security types. Fixed income strategies are typically quantitatively driven to measure the existing relationship between instruments and, in some cases, identify attractive positions in which the risk-adjusted spread between these instruments represents an attractive opportunity.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Acco	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	2,219,422
Public Employees' Retirement System		1,988,181
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		420,909
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		182,209
State Police Retirement System		76,610
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		75,423
Judges' Retirement System		66,456
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		44,590
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		30,399
Wildlife Endowment Fund		16,557
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		8,674
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		8,572
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		6,627
Berkeley County Development Authority		2,048
Total	\$	5,146,677

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets
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Investments, at fair value:		
Commingled equity fund	\$	306,717
Money market mutual fund		2,104
Total assets		308,821
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		21
Net position	\$	308,800
Unit data		
Units outstanding	¢	5,794,115
Net position, unit price	\$	53.30

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Dat	
Investment income (loss)				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	\$	(4,970)	\$	4,994 2
Total investment income (loss)		(4,969)		4,996
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees		(2)		(4)
Management and other allocated fees		(8)		(17)
Total expenses		(10)		(21)
Net investment income (loss)		(4,979)		4,975
Unit transactions				
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(10,095)		(13,188)
Decrease in net assets from unit transactions		(10,095)		(13,188)
Decrease in net position		(15,074)		(8,213)
Net position, beginning of period		323,874		317,013
Net position, end of period	\$	308,800	\$	308,800

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the Large Cap Domestic Equity Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool's objective is to equal or exceed, net of external investment management fees, the S&P 500 Index over three- to five-year periods. The Pool invests in the BlackRock Equity Index Fund B (BlackRock). BlackRock uses a replication indexing approach to achieve investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the S&P 500 Index.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Open-end regulated investment companies and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator. Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2023:

Assets	]	Level 1	Le	vel 2	Lev	el 3	 Total
Commingled equity fund	\$	306,717	\$	-	\$		\$ 306,717
Money market mutual fund		2,104		_		_	 2,104
Total	\$	308,821	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 308,821

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Acco	unt Value
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	\$	113,688
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		48,784
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		44,280
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		26,798
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		24,883
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		18,027
Public Employees Insurance Agency		14,639
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		6,526
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		5,026
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		3,092
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		2,275
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		782
Total	\$	308,800

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

#### Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
Equity investments		\$ 995,181
Money market mutual fund		54,638
Securities lending collateral		79,245
Cash		1
Receivables:		
Dividends and other investment income		748
Investments sold		 12,836
	<b>Total assets</b>	1,142,649
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		1,719
Payable for investments purchased		8,319
Payable upon return of securities loaned		 79,245
	Total liabilities	89,283
	Net position	\$ 1,053,366
Unit data		
Units outstanding		19,606,180
Net position, unit price		\$ 53.73
1 ', r		 22.,0

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Da		
Investment income (loss)					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(26,537)	\$	10,999	
Dividends		932		1,459	
Securities lending income		454		976	
Total investment income (loss)		(25,151)		13,434	
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees		(891)		(1,653)	
Custodian bank fees		(4)		(8)	
Management and other allocated fees		(29)		(58)	
Securities lending expenses		(421)		(904)	
Total expenses		(1,345)		(2,623)	
Net investment income (loss)		(26,496)		10,811	
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units		2,398		2,531	
Amount paid for repurchase of units				(104)	
Net increase from unit transactions		2,398		2,427	
Increase (decrease) in net position		(24,098)		13,238	
Net position, beginning of period		1,077,464		1,040,128	
Net position, end of period	\$	1,053,366	\$	1,053,366	

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool's objective is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, the Russell 2500 Index over three- to five-year periods. Assets are managed by Cooper Creek Partners Management and Westfield Capital Management.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

**Foreign Currency** - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for U.S. securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received. The required percentage for cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned. The required percentage of non-cash collateral consisting of equity securities is at least 107 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Foreign Currency Spot Contracts - A foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at a specified exchange rate at an agreed upon future date. The WVIMB enters into foreign currency spot contracts that correspond to investment transactions trading in foreign currencies and to repatriate income. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. These contracts have relatively short durations that mirror foreign market settlement cycles and are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2023:

Assets	 Level 1	I	Level 2	Lev	/el3	Total
Domestic common stock	\$ 913,109	\$	=	\$	-	\$ 913,109
Foreign common stock	82,072		-		-	82,072
Money market mutual fund	54,638		-		-	54,638
Securities lending collateral	 		79,245			 79,245
Total	\$ 1,049,819	\$	79,245	\$		\$ 1,129,064

#### **NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING**

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at August 31, 2023:

	Fair Value			
Securities on loan	\$ 248,07			
Collateral received:				
Cash	\$	79,245		
Non-cash		176,157		
Total collateral received	\$	255,402		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	427,854
Public Employees' Retirement System		386,879
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		79,367
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		36,291
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		22,063
State Police Retirement System		14,546
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		14,409
Judges' Retirement System		12,735
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		9,116
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		8,855
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		8,196
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		5,672
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		5,200
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		4,630
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		3,384
Wildlife Endowment Fund		3,303
Public Employees Insurance Agency		2,837
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		1,616
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		1,584
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		1,256
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		1,245
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		937
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		580
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		421
Berkeley County Development Authority		390
Total	\$	1,053,366

# International Qualified Pool

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

# International Qualified Pool

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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# International Qualified Pool

## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

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Net position, unit price

Investment in commingled equity fund at fair value		\$ 1,240,271
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		 69
	Net position	\$ 1,240,202
Unit data		
Units outstanding		12,794,934

96.93

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ financial\ statements.$ 

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date	
Investment income (loss)				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(34,702)	\$	38,147
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees Management and other allocated fees		(531) (35)		(1,090) (69)
Total expenses		(566)		(1,159)
Net investment income (loss)		(35,268)		36,988
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units  Amount paid for repurchase of units		3,505 (33,494)		6,589 (66,546)
Net decrease from unit transactions		(29,989)		(59,957)
Decrease in net position		(65,257)		(22,969)
Net position, beginning of period		1,305,459		1,263,171
Net position, end of period	\$	1,240,202	\$	1,240,202

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's International Qualified Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool invests in a commingled equity fund, specifically The Silchester International Investors International Value Equity Group Trust (Silchester). The Pool's objective is to produce investment returns that exceed the MSCI Europe Australasia Far East Index (MSCI EAFE) by 200 basis points over three- to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. Only "qualified participants" (as defined by the *Internal Revenue Code*) may invest in the Pool. Silchester invests in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies incorporated in any country other than the United States, with limited exposure to emerging markets and no unreasonable concentration exposure to any single issuer or country. Redemptions from Silchester can be made monthly with ten days advance written notice. Redemptions will generally be made within seven business days following month end. Subscriptions and redemptions may be subject to anti-dilution levies to offset costs such as stamp duty, brokerage commissions, foreign exchange costs, bid-offer spreads, and market impact charges.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Commingled investment funds are valued on the last business day of each month at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator. Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of the investment fund in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such fund.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The investment in Silchester is valued using the NAV. As Silchester is the only investment in the Pool, a fair value hierarchy table is not presented.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Ac	count Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	585,155
Public Employees' Retirement System		525,343
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		48,694
State Police Retirement System		20,036
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		19,781
Judges' Retirement System		17,442
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		12,019
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		7,816
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		2,185
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		1,731
Total	\$	1,240,202

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Net position, unit price

Investment in commingled equity fund at fair value	\$	209,379
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		12
Net posi	ition <u>\$</u>	209,367
Unit data		
Units outstanding		2.382.427

87.88

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

	<b>Month</b>		Yea	r To Date
Investment income (loss)				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(5,603)	\$	6,436
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees		(102)		(206)
Management and other allocated fees		(6)		(12)
Ç				
Total expenses		(108)		(218)
Net investment income (loss)		(5,711)		6,218
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units		863		1,108
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(861)		(1,101)
Net increase from unit transactions		2		7
Increase (decrease) in net position		(5,709)		6,225
Net position, beginning of period		215,076		203,142
Net position, end of period	\$	209,367	\$	209,367

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's International Nonqualified Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool invests in a commingled equity fund, specifically The Silchester International Investors International Value Equity Trust (Silchester). The Pool's objective is to produce investment returns that exceed the MSCI Europe Australasia Far East Index (MSCI EAFE) by 200 basis points over three- to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. The Pool exists for participants who are not "qualified" (as defined by the *Internal Revenue Code*). Silchester invests in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies incorporated in any country other than the United States, with limited exposure to emerging markets and no unreasonable concentration exposure to any single issuer or country. Redemptions from Silchester can be made monthly with ten days advance written notice. Redemptions will generally be made within seven business days following month end. Subscriptions and redemptions may be subject to anti-dilution levies to offset costs such as stamp duty, brokerage commissions, foreign exchange costs, bid-offer spreads, and market impact charges.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Commingled investment funds are valued on the last business day of each month at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator. Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of the investment fund in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such fund.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
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- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The investment in Silchester is valued using the NAV. As Silchester is the only investment in the Pool, a fair value hierarchy table is not presented.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Acco	ount Value
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	\$	117,181
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		31,258
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		13,310
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		12,136
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		7,375
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		6,810
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		4,895
Wildlife Endowment Fund		4,785
Public Employees Insurance Agency		4,002
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		2,400
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		1,790
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		1,374
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		852
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		622
Berkeley County Development Authority		577
Total	\$	209,367

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

#### Assets

Investments, at fair value:			
Equity investments		\$	2,530,936
Money market mutual fund			95,326
Securities lending collateral			39,797
Cash (restricted: \$2,043)			38,014
Receivables:			
Dividends and other investment income			18,397
Investments sold			103,381
	Total assets		2,825,851
Liabilities			
Accrued capital gains taxes			2,733
Accrued expenses			2,699
Payable for investments purchased			8,318
Payable upon return of securities loaned			39,797
	<b>Total liabilities</b>		53,547
	Net position	\$	2,772,304
	rect position	Ψ	2,772,301
Unit data			
Units outstanding			72,737,130
Net position, unit price		\$	38.11
1 / 1			

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

		Month		Year To Date	
Investment income (loss)					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of	of investments	\$	(105,089)	\$	10,374
Dividends			5,892		14,211
Securities lending income			235		641
	Total investment income (loss)		(98,962)		25,226
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees			(1,148)		(2,336)
Custodian bank fees			(113)		(208)
Management and other allocated fees	S		(79)		(155)
Securities lending expenses			(218)		(591)
	Total expenses		(1,558)		(3,290)
	Net investment income (loss)		(100,520)		21,936
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units			10,576		17,828
Amount paid for repurchase of units			(7,017)		(8,791)
	Net increase from unit transactions		3,559		9,037
	Increase (decrease) in net position		(96,961)		30,973
	Net position, beginning of period		2,869,265		2,741,331
	Net position, end of period	\$	2,772,304	\$	2,772,304

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's International Equity Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool invests in the equities of international companies. The objective of the Pool is to outperform the international equity market as measured by the MSCI All Country World Index Ex U.S. (MSCI ACWI ex U.S.) over a full market cycle (three-to five-years), net of external investment management fees. Assets are managed by Acadian Asset Management, Axiom International Investors, LSV Asset Management, Numeric Investors, and Oberweis Asset Management.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Equity securities and exchange traded funds (ETF) are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.
- Open-end regulated investment companies and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.
- Equity securities that trade in non-U.S. markets are valued in U.S. dollars using period end spot market exchange rates as supplied by the Pool's custodian.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

**Cash** - Cash consists of cash on deposit with financial institutions. Balances subject to withdrawal restrictions are noted parenthetically on the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Foreign Currency** - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received. The required percentage for cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is 105 percent unless the foreign securities loaned are denominated and payable in U.S. Dollars, then the collateral shall be at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned. The required percentage of non-cash collateral consisting of equity securities is at least 107 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Foreign Currency Spot Contracts - A foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at a specified exchange rate at an agreed upon future date. The WVIMB enters into foreign currency spot contracts that correspond to investment transactions trading in foreign currencies and to repatriate income. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. These contracts have relatively short durations that mirror foreign market settlement cycles and are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

In certain foreign countries, the Pool's dividend income and capital gains may be taxable. Taxes on dividend income are generally withheld from the payments and as a result there is no provision recorded for these taxes. In certain cases there may be a full or partial reclaim available for the withheld taxes. Capital gains taxes, if any, on sales of securities may be assessed and paid concurrent with the sale or upon the filing of a return with the taxing authority. In countries where the WVIMB is liable for capital gains taxes, the WVIMB will estimate and accrue a capital gains tax liability for unrealized gains on securities held in such countries. The outstanding reclaims and accrued capital gains taxes, when applicable, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Dividend income is reported net of non-reclaimable taxes withheld on the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments is reported net of capital gains taxes on the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2023:

Assets		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Common stock		\$	2,460,298	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,460,298
ETF			50,852		-		-		50,852
Money market mutual fund			95,326		-		-		95,326
Preferred stock			19,786		-		-		19,786
Securities lending collateral					39,797				39,797
	Total	\$	2,626,262	\$	39,797	\$	_	\$	2,666,059

#### NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at August 31, 2023:

	Fair Value			
Securities on loan	\$	65,474		
Collateral received:				
Cash	\$	39,797		
Non-cash		29,519		
Total collateral received	\$	69,316		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

Teachers' Retirement System \$	1,136,682
Public Employees' Retirement System	1,021,226
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	202,509
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund	94,377
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	54,751
State Police Retirement System	38,747
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System	38,281
Judges' Retirement System	33,782
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B	23,278
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds	23,245
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency	21,025
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System	15,093
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund	12,886
Board of Risk and Insurance Management	11,828
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	8,632
Wildlife Endowment Fund	8,228
Public Employees Insurance Agency	6,986
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System	4,217
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund	4,121
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System	3,341
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool	3,128
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool	2,394
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust	1,467
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund	1,080
Berkeley County Development Authority	1,000
Total \$	2,772,304

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

## Assets

Investments, at amortized cost:			
U.S. Government agency bonds		\$	100,458
U.S. Treasury issues			92,823
Commercial paper			13,974
Repurchase agreement			55,904
Receivable for interest and dividends		-	8
	<b>Total assets</b>		263,167
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses			18
Other payable			15
	Total liabilities		33
	Net position	\$	263,134
Unit data			
Units outstanding		2	263,134,144
Net position, unit price		\$	1.00

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date		
Investment income	\$	877	\$	1,823	
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees Custodian bank fees		(8) (1)		(17) (2)	
Total expenses		(9)		(19)	
Net investment income		868		1,804	
Distributions to unitholders		(868)		(1,804)	
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units Reinvestment of distributions Amount paid for repurchase of units		217,983 868 (170,695)		376,147 1,804 (301,415)	
Net increase from unit transactions		48,156		76,536	
Increase in net position		48,156		76,536	
Net position, beginning of period		214,978		186,598	
Net position, end of period	\$	263,134	\$	263,134	

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees (Board), consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Short-Term Fixed Income Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The main objective of the Pool is to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the daily disbursements requested by participants and to invest any contributions until the time the money is transferred to other WVIMB operated investment pools without sustaining capital losses while earning a small return above inflation. The Pool's benchmark, net of external investment management fees, is the Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 3 Month U.S. T-Bill Index. JP Morgan Investment Advisors manages the Pool.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at amortized cost provided such amounts approximate fair value in accordance with GASB Statements No. 72 and No. 79. The basic premise underlying the use of the amortized cost method of valuation is that high-quality, short-term debt securities held until maturity will eventually return to their amortized cost value, regardless of any current disparity between the amortized cost value and market value, and would not ordinarily be expected to fluctuate significantly in value. The Pool values its securities at amortized cost so long as the deviation between the amortized cost and current market value remains minimal and results in the computation of a share price that represents fairly the stable net position value per share of \$1. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

**Repurchase Agreements** - In connection with transactions in repurchase agreements, it is the WVIMB's policy that its designated custodian or mutual third party take possession of the underlying collateral securities, the fair value of which exceeds the principal amount of the repurchase transaction at all times. If the seller defaults, and the fair value of the collateral declines, realization of the collateral by the WVIMB may be delayed or limited.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income, including the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums, is accrued daily as earned. Dividend income is recognized on the exdividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated daily by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Management's policy is for the Pool to maintain a stable unit price of \$1 per unit. If the calculated unit price rounds to \$1, then participant transactions are executed at this price.

**Distributions to Participants** - Daily net investment income is declared as a dividend and distributed to the participants of the Pool on the last day of the month. Distributions are paid in the form of reinvestments in the Pool and have been included in distributions to unitholders and reinvestment of distributions as presented on the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The Pool does not distribute net investment losses.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. The Pool is only charged for its direct investment-related costs. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2023:

Assets		L	evel 1	]	Level 2	Le	evel 3	 Total
Commercial paper		\$	-	\$	13,974	\$	-	\$ 13,974
Repurchase agreement			-		55,904		-	55,904
U.S. Government agency bonds			-		100,458		-	100,458
U.S. Treasury issues					92,823			 92,823
	Total	\$	_	\$	263,159	\$	-	\$ 263,159

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Account Value
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	\$ 199,297
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	33,397
Board of Risk and Insurance Management	9,267
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund	8,678
Public Employees' Retirement System	3,380
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool	2,196
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool	1,798
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund	908
State Police Retirement System	818
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds	749
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund	575
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund	512
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System	430
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System	378
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System	291
Teachers' Retirement System	139
Judges' Retirement System	133
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System	103
Wildlife Endowment Fund	85
Total	\$ 263,134

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

#### **Assets**

Investments, at fair value:			
Fixed income investments		\$	2,329,361
Derivative instruments			50,281
Equity investments			13,087
Money market mutual fund			40,491
Securities lending collateral			101,984
Cash (restricted: \$724)			15,510
Receivables:			
Interest, dividends, and other investment income			20,531
Investments sold			14,696
	Total assets		2,585,941
Liabilities			
Investments in derivative instruments at fair value			40,624
Securities sold short at fair value			7,243
Cash due to broker			127
Accrued expenses			1,006
Payable for investments purchased			71,912
Payable upon return of securities loaned			101,984
	Total liabilities		222,896
	Net position	\$	2,363,045
Unit data			
Units outstanding			146,338,038
Net position, unit price		\$	16.15
1 / 1		_	

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

		Month		Year To Date	
Investment income (loss)					
Net decrease in fair value of investment	s	\$	(24,838)	\$	(7,032)
Interest and dividends			8,801		17,046
Securities lending income			453		873
	Total investment income (loss)		(15,584)		10,887
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees			(431)		(855)
Custodian bank fees			(12)		(22)
Management and other allocated fees			(66)		(129)
Securities lending expenses			(411)		(790)
	<b>Total expenses</b>		(920)		(1,796)
	Net investment income (loss)		(16,504)		9,091
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units			67,770		72,011
Amount paid for repurchase of units					(4,185)
N	et increase from unit transactions		67,770		67,826
	Increase in net position		51,266		76,917
	Net position, beginning of period		2,311,779		2,286,128
	Net position, end of period	\$	2,363,045	\$	2,363,045

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Total Return Fixed Income Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The main objective of the Pool is to generate investment income, provide stability, and enhance diversification but not at the expense of total return. The Pool's investment objective is to outperform the Bloomberg U.S. Universal Bond Index over three-to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. Dodge & Cox, Franklin Templeton Investments, and Western Asset Management Company manage the Pool.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 4 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies, commingled debt funds, and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.
- Futures and option contracts are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the exchange on which they are traded.
- Credit default and interest rate swaps are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the exchange on which they are traded, are based on market values received from third parties, or are determined by valuation models.
- Foreign currency forward contracts are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.
- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

#### Total Return Fixed Income Pool

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Cash** - Cash consists of cash on deposit with financial institutions. Balances subject to withdrawal restrictions are noted parenthetically on the Statement of Net Position.

Cash Due to/from Broker - The Pool records cash amounts due to or from brokers on the Statement of Net Position as Cash due to/from broker. Such amounts are required by brokers for collateral on certain derivative contracts and/or on forward-settling mortgage-backed securities, considered restricted, and reported net.

**Foreign Currency** - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income. For international securities, the required collateral is at least 105 percent of the market value of the securities on loan unless the foreign securities loaned are denominated and payable in U.S. Dollars, then the collateral shall be at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

**Option Contracts** - The WVIMB may purchase or write bond, currency, or index option contracts that have recognized liquidity and are actively traded on major exchanges or are executed with major dealers. These option contracts give the purchaser (seller) of the contract the right to buy (call) or sell (put) the security, or settle cash for an index option, underlying the contract at an agreed upon price (strike price) during, or at the conclusion of, a specified period of time.

Written option contracts are used to enhance investment returns and reduce portfolio convexity when implied volatility is high. Purchased option contracts are used to increase portfolio convexity when implied volatility is low, to implement certain yield curve strategies, or to hedge sector exposure.

When writing put options, there is risk that a loss may be incurred if the market price of the underlying instrument decreases and the option is exercised. This loss is determined by market conditions and cannot be specifically limited. The risk associated with writing call options is the loss of potential profit if the market price of the security increases and the option is exercised.

#### Total Return Fixed Income Pool

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Purchased put or call options bear the risk of loss of the premium paid if market conditions are not favorable to exercise the option. There may also be risk that the value of the option contract does not correlate perfectly with movements of the underlying instrument due to certain market distortions.

The WVIMB limits its exposure to credit risk by only buying or selling options traded on major exchanges or executed with major dealers. There is a risk of the inability to enter into a closing transaction if a liquid secondary market does not exist. The WVIMB maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash equivalents to meet cash flow obligations.

**Futures Contracts** - A futures contract is an agreement between a buyer or a seller and the clearinghouse of a futures exchange in which the parties agree to buy or sell a commodity, financial instrument or index at a specified future date and price. Upon entering into a financial futures contract, the WVIMB is required to pledge collateral to the broker an amount of cash, U.S. government securities, or other assets, equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount (initial margin deposit). Cash (variation margin) is received from or paid to the broker on a daily basis for the fluctuations of the underlying securities or index.

Interest rate futures may be used to enhance portfolio yields, manage portfolio duration, or as an alternative investment of cash.

The market risk associated with holding interest rate futures results from changes in the market value of the contractual positions due to changes in the value of the underlying instruments or indices. Investment risk associated with these futures contracts arises because the value of the futures contracts may not correlate perfectly with changes in the values of the underlying instruments or indices due to market distortions.

Other risks associated with futures contracts are liquidity risk and credit risk. Liquidity risk arises when there is insufficient trading in a particular futures contract. Credit risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of the contracts. The WVIMB's managers generally only utilize futures contracts that are traded on major exchanges or are executed with major dealers. The major exchanges assume the risk of a counterparty default and generally require an initial margin deposit of cash or securities.

Foreign Currency Contracts – A foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at a specified exchange rate at an agreed upon future date. The WVIMB enters into foreign currency spot contracts that correspond to investment transactions trading in foreign currencies and to repatriate income. The WVIMB enters into forward contracts to take advantage of the relative changes in currency exchange rates. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. Spot contracts have relatively short durations that mirror foreign market settlement cycles, while forward contracts are often entered into with durations up to 3- to 4-months. Foreign currency contracts are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.

**Repurchase Agreements** - In connection with transactions in repurchase agreements, it is the WVIMB's policy that its designated custodian or mutual third party take possession of the underlying collateral securities, the fair value of which exceeds the principal amount of the repurchase transaction at all times. If the seller defaults, and the fair value of the collateral declines, realization of the collateral by the WVIMB may be delayed or limited.

Credit Default Swaps - Credit default swaps are agreements between counterparties to transfer the credit risk of referenced debt securities. The buyer of the credit default swap gains protection against a negative credit event such as a default or credit rating downgrade and the seller assumes the credit risk and is obligated to pay upon the occurrence of such an event. Credit default swap agreements are marked-to-market daily. Upfront payments received or made by the Pool on credit default swap agreements are capitalized. Periodic payments received or paid are recorded as interest income. Payments received or made as a result of a credit event or termination of the contract are recognized, net of a proportional amount of the upfront payment, in net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

## Total Return Fixed Income Pool

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Credit default swaps are instruments which allow for the full or partial transfer of third-party credit risk, with respect to a particular entity or entities, from one counterparty to the other. A seller of credit default swaps is selling credit protection or assuming credit risk with respect to the underlying entity or entities. If a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of the swap agreement, the seller of protection will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash or securities equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index. The Notional Principal reflects the maximum potential amount the seller of protection could be required to pay if a credit event occurs. The seller of protection receives periodic premium payments from the counterparty and may also receive or pay an upfront premium adjustment to the stated periodic premium.

**Interest Rate Swaps** - Interest rate swaps are agreements between counterparties to exchange cash flows based on the difference between a fixed and floating interest rate, applied to a notional principal amount for a specified period. Upfront payments received or made by the Pool on interest rate swap agreements are capitalized. Interest is paid or received periodically.

Structured Securities - The Pool invests in any combination of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO), including interest-only (IO) and/or principal-only (PO) tranches, asset-backed securities (ABS), mortgage-backed securities (MBS), forward-settling MBS that are commonly known as to-be-announced securities (TBAs), and structured corporate debt. The Pool invests in these securities to enhance yields on investments. Changes in market interest rates affect the cash flows of these securities and may result in changes in fair value. The overall return or yield on these securities depends on the changes in the interest and principal payment pattern and market value of the underlying assets.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In certain foreign countries, the Pool's interest income and capital gains may be taxable. Taxes on interest income are generally withheld from the payments and as a result there is no provision recorded for these taxes. In certain cases, there may be a full or partial reclaim available for the withheld taxes. Capital gains taxes, if any, on sales of securities may be assessed and paid concurrent with the sale or upon the filing of a return with the taxing authority. In countries where the WVIMB is liable for capital gains taxes, the WVIMB will estimate and accrue a capital gains tax liability for unrealized gains on securities held in such countries. The outstanding reclaims and accrued capital gains taxes, when applicable, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Interest income is reported net of non-reclaimable taxes withheld on the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments is reported net of capital gains taxes on the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

#### NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative financial instruments held in the Pool include foreign currency forward contracts, futures, options, credit default swaps, and interest rate swaps. None of these derivative financial instruments are designated as hedging instruments under GASB Statement No. 53; they are used to implement portfolio strategy, capture valuation opportunities, and to exploit market inefficiencies. The primary risks managed by using these derivative financial instruments include interest rate, foreign exchange rate, and market price risks. See Note 2 for additional information on the Pool's purpose for entering into derivatives and for discussion on the risks associated with investing in these derivatives.

The table below presents the fair value and the net increase (decrease) in fair value as of and for the period ended August 31, 2023:

3 T . T

				Increase e) in Fair Value	
Derivative Type	Fair Value		of Investments		
Forwards:		_			
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	(36)	\$	380	
Futures contracts:					
Fixed income futures long		687		(5,014)	
Fixed income futures short		(4,341)		13,013	
Options contracts:					
Fixed income options purchased		1,270		(4,985)	
Fixed income options written		(3,112)		6,496	
Credit default swaptions purchased		387		(16)	
Credit default swaptions written		(599)		(101)	
Interest rate swaptions written		-		31	
Swaps:					
Credit default swaps protection buyer		(1,590)		(69)	
Credit default swaps protection seller		31		(7)	
Interest rate swaps		16,960		8,223	
Total	\$	9,657	\$	17,951	

(Amounts in thousands)

### NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

The Pool, through its investment managers, is a party to International Swap and Derivative Association, Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreements (MA) that may allow the netting of counterparty's obligations against those of the Pool in the event of a default by the counterparty. The Pool is required to disclose the positions held at period end that were entered into pursuant to agreements that allow for such netting.

For financial reporting purposes, the Pool does not offset derivative assets and derivative liabilities that are subject to netting arrangements in the Statement of Net Position. The following table presents the Pool's derivative assets net of amounts available for offset under a netting provision and net of related collateral received by the Pool as of August 31, 2023:

		Asse	rivative ts Subject	Avai	vatives lable for	Co	n-Cash llateral		Collateral		
Derivative Type		to	a MA		offset	Re	ceived	Rec	eived	Net E	xposure
Foreign currency											
forward contracts		\$	618	\$	(152)	\$	(105)	\$	-	\$	361
Swaptions			387		(387)		-		-		-
Swaps			32		(32)						
	Total	\$	1,037	\$	(571)	\$	(105)	\$		\$	361

Foreign currency forward contracts, certain swaps, and swaptions are exposed to counterparty credit risk. The WVIMB reviews available ratings from Standard & Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch and reports the rating indicative of the greatest degree of risk.

The following table provides the credit ratings for the Pool's derivative investments that are subject to counterparty credit risk as of August 31, 2023:

Derivative Type	Counterparty Rating	Fair	Value
Foreign currency forward contracts	A	\$	625
Foreign currency forward contracts	BBB		157
Credit default swaptions purchased	A		387
Credit default swaps protection seller	A		32

### **Interest Rate Risk**

The following table provides the time to maturity for investment derivatives that are subject to interest rate risk as of August 31, 2023:

	Investment Maturities (in years)									
Derivative Type	Fair Value		Under-1		1-5		6-10		10+	
Futures contracts:										
Fixed income futures long	\$	687	\$	2,641	\$	(1,954)	\$	-	\$	-
Fixed income futures short		(4,341)		(5,683)		1,342		-		-
Options contracts:										
Fixed income options purchased		1,270		1,270		-		-		-
Fixed income options written		(3,112)		(2,340)		(772)		-		-
Swaps:										
Interest rate swaps		16,960		(9,073)		621		5,443		19,969
Total	\$	11,464	\$	(13,185)	\$	(763)	\$	5,443	\$	19,969

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate swaps are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. The following tables provide detailed information on derivative financial instruments that are highly sensitive to interest rate changes.

At August 31, 2023, the open positions in interest rate swaps denominated in U.S. dollars were as follows:

Maturity Date	Reference Rate	 Notional	Fa	ir Value
7/11/2024	Receive Fixed 1.32%, Pay Floating SOFR	\$ 266,705	\$	(9,073)
2/29/2028	Receive Fixed 4.00%, Pay Floating SOFR	251,570		120
3/10/2026	Receive Fixed 4.10%, Pay Floating SOFR	263,064		(870)
2/29/2028	Receive Fixed 4.18%, Pay Floating SOFR	186,890		1,371
2/15/2047	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 1.52%	19,934		6,650
7/11/2032	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 1.80%	24,730		3,729
4/21/2052	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 2.50%	7,683		1,431
2/15/2029	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 2.85%	13,001		716
2/15/2048	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 3.05%	55,924		5,348
5/15/2032	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 3.22%	36,392		1,638
9/30/2029	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 3.25%	6,335		233
4/30/2029	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 3.27%	58,104		2,041
3/10/2034	Receive Floating SOFR, Pay Fixed 3.40%	 58,777		1,415
		\$ 1,249,109	\$	14,749

At August 31, 2023, the open positions in interest rate swaps denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

Maturity Date	Reference Rate	Notio	nal (USD)	Fa	ir Value
7/20/2029	Receive Fixed 7.44%, Pay Floating MXN TIIE	\$	23,749	\$	(1,492)
7/18/2029	Receive Fixed 7.45%, Pay Floating MXN TIIE		22,816		(1,422)
4/19/2047	Receive Floating JPY TONAR plus 0.06%, Pay Fixed 0.79%		37,507		5,125
		\$	84,072	\$	2,211

### Reference Index Definitions:

SOFR: Secured Overnight Financing Rate MXN TIIE: Mexican Interbank Deposit Rate

JPY TONAR: Bank of Japan Unsecured Overnight Call Rate

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The Pool has foreign currency forward contracts, futures contracts, and swap contracts that are denominated in foreign currencies and exposed to foreign currency risks. The amounts at fair value (in U.S. dollars) of derivative investments in foreign currencies as of August 31, 2023, are as follows:

	For	reign					
	Curi	ency					
	For	ward	F	utures	:	Swap	
Currency	Cont	tracts	Co	ntracts	Co	ntracts	 Total
Australian Dollar	\$	35	\$	(216)	\$	-	\$ (181)
Brazilian Real		361		-		-	361
British Pound		18		157		-	175
Canadian Dollar		3		=		=	3
Euro Currency Unit		(161)		(20)		(25)	(206)
Indonesian Rupiah		105		-		-	105
Japanese Yen		125		149		5,125	5,399
Mexican Peso		(522)		-		(2,914)	(3,436)
Total foreign denominated derivatives		(36)		70		2,186	2,220
U.S. Dollar				(3,724)		13,215	9,491
Total	\$	(36)	\$	(3,654)	\$	15,401	\$ 11,711

#### NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at August 31, 2023. The Pool's investments in commingled debt funds were valued using the NAV, and as such, they have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

(Amounts in thousands)

**NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)** 

Assets	Lev	rel 1	Level 2	Level 3	 Total
Bank loans	\$	-	\$ 2,587	\$ -	\$ 2,587
Corporate ABS residual		-	1,190	=	1,190
Corporate ABS		-	50,490	=	50,490
Corporate CMO		-	70,035	=	70,035
Corporate preferred securities		11,232	-	-	11,232
Foreign ABS		_	71,111	-	71,111
Foreign corporate bonds		-	314,550	-	314,550
Foreign currency forward contracts		-	782	-	782
Foreign equity investments		665	-	-	665
Foreign government bonds		-	247,653	-	247,653
Futures contracts		6,152	-	-	6,152
Money market mutual fund		40,491	-	-	40,491
Municipal bonds		-	19,798	-	19,798
Options contracts purchased		1,270	387	-	1,657
Repurchase agreement		-	20,000	-	20,000
Securities lending collateral		_	101,984	-	101,984
Swaps		_	41,690	-	41,690
U.S. corporate bonds		_	423,298	-	423,298
U.S. Government agency bonds		-	2,375	-	2,375
U.S. Government agency CMO		_	82,653	-	82,653
U.S. Government agency CMO IO		-	3,582	-	3,582
U.S. Government agency MBS		_	464,998	-	464,998
U.S. Government agency TBAs		_	69,479	-	69,479
U.S. Treasury issues		-	317,238	-	317,238
U.S. Treasury inflation protected securi	ies	<u> </u>	12,039		 12,039
	Total \$	59,810	\$ 2,317,919	\$ -	\$ 2,377,729
Commingled debt funds					 157,475
	Total				\$ 2,535,204

Liabilities		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Foreign currency forward contracts		\$ -	\$ (818)	\$ -	\$ (818)
Futures contracts		(9,806)	-	-	(9,806)
Options contracts written		(3,112)	(599)	-	(3,711)
Securities sold short		=	(7,243)	-	(7,243)
Swaps			(26,289)		 (26,289)
	Total	\$ (12,918)	\$ (34,949)	\$ _	\$ (47,867)

The Pool's investments in commingled debt funds were measured at the NAV as of August 31, 2023. These commingled debt funds invest in certain niche sectors, particularly those that are not a significant percentage to the Pool, to provide economies of scale and efficiencies in establishing and managing a diversified portfolio that would be otherwise difficult to achieve. These funds offer daily liquidity.

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 5. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at August 31, 2023:

F	Fair Value					
\$	227,581					
\$	101,984					
	131,727					
\$	233,711					
	\$					

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

#### NOTE 6. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Acco	unt Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	711,696
Public Employees' Retirement System		640,081
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		207,348
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		181,853
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		135,806
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		94,529
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		65,747
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		58,301
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		48,986
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		45,415
Public Employees Insurance Agency		38,046
State Police Retirement System		24,888
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		24,377
Judges' Retirement System		21,398
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		14,732
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		11,880
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		9,619
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		9,154
Wildlife Endowment Fund		5,545
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		4,147
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		2,767
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		2,703
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		2,131
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		1,229
Berkeley County Development Authority		667
Total	\$	2,363,045

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

#### **Assets**

Investments, at fair value:			
Fixed income investments		\$	1,875,750
Money market mutual fund			26,845
Securities lending collateral			110,179
Receivables:			
Interest, dividends, and other investment income			9,225
Investments sold			8,107
Other			1
	<b>Total assets</b>		2,030,107
Liabilities			
Cash overdraft			9
Accrued expenses			581
Payable for investments purchased			12,906
Payable upon return of securities loaned			110,179
			<u> </u>
	<b>Total liabilities</b>		123,675
	<b>3</b> 7	Φ.	1 006 122
	Net position	\$	1,906,432
Hait Jaka			
Unit data			
Units outstanding			164,715,511
Net position, unit price		\$	11.57
•			

## Statement of Change in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date		
Investment income (loss)					
Net decrease in fair value of investments	\$	(15,776)	\$	(23,904)	
Interest and dividends		6,117		11,544	
Securities lending income		491		879	
Total investment loss		(9,168)		(11,481)	
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees		(238)		(466)	
Custodian bank fees		(4)		(8)	
Management and other allocated fees		(54)		(105)	
Securities lending expenses		(465)		(826)	
Total expenses		(761)		(1,405)	
Net investment loss		(9,929)		(12,886)	
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units		93,212		124,992	
Amount paid for repurchase of units				(731)	
Net increase from unit transactions		93,212		124,261	
Increase in net position		83,283		111,375	
Net position, beginning of period		1,823,149		1,795,057	
Net position, end of period	\$	1,906,432	\$	1,906,432	

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Core Fixed Income Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The main objective of the Pool is to generate investment income, provide stability, and enhance diversification but not at the expense of total return. The Pool's investment objective is to outperform the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index over three- to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. JP Morgan Investment Advisors manages this Pool.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's
  custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer
  quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury
  securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.
- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities and foreign securities denominated in U.S. Dollars, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Structured Securities - The Pool invests in various collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO), including interest-only (IO) and/or principal-only (PO) tranches, asset-backed securities (ABS), mortgage-backed securities (MBS), and structured corporate debt. The Pool invests in these securities to enhance yields on investments. Changes in market interest rates affect the cash flows of these securities and may result in changes in fair value. The overall return or yield on these securities depends on the changes in the interest and principal payment pattern and market value of the underlying assets.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2023:

Assets		L	evel 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	Total
Corporate ABS		\$	-	\$ 174,321	\$ -	\$ 174,321
Corporate CMO			-	73,856	-	73,856
Corporate CMO IO			-	121	-	121
Corporate CMO PO			-	22	-	22
Foreign ABS			-	2,246	-	2,246
Foreign corporate bonds			-	138,618	-	138,618
Foreign government bonds			-	3,150	-	3,150
Money market mutual fund			26,845	-	-	26,845
Municipal bonds			-	9,647	-	9,647
Securities lending collateral			=	110,179	-	110,179
U.S. corporate bonds			=	295,675	-	295,675
U.S. Government agency CMO			=	117,842	-	117,842
U.S. Government agency CMO IO			=	1,349	-	1,349
U.S. Government agency CMO PO			-	1,708	-	1,708
U.S. Government agency MBS			=	412,286	-	412,286
U.S. Government agency TBAs			=	2,323	-	2,323
U.S. Treasury issues			-	642,586	 -	642,586
	Total	\$	26,845	\$ 1,985,929	\$ -	\$ 2,012,774

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at August 31, 2023:

	Fair Value			
Securities on loan	\$	195,755		
Collateral received:				
Cash	\$	110,179		
Non-cash		90,507		
Total collateral received	\$	200,686		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

#### NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Account Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 689,873
Public Employees' Retirement System	622,044
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	133,329
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	86,644
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B	76,520
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund	56,610
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	39,763
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency	27,697
State Police Retirement System	24,534
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System	23,832
Judges' Retirement System	20,928
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund	20,555
Board of Risk and Insurance Management	19,133
Public Employees Insurance Agency	16,082
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds	14,548
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System	9,558
Wildlife Endowment Fund	5,439
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool	5,016
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool	3,856
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund	2,755
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System	2,689
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System	2,107
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund	1,748
Berkeley County Development Authority	655
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust	517
Total	\$ 1,906,432

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

## Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
Fixed income investments		\$ 467,384
Money market mutual fund		83
Receivables:		
Interest, dividends, and other investment income		 791
	<b>Total assets</b>	468,258
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		31
Payable for investments purchased		71,019
	Total liabilities	 71,050
	Net position	\$ 397,208
Unit data		
Units outstanding		30,749,056
Net position, unit price		\$ 12.92

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month	Year To Date
Investment income (loss)		
Net decrease in fair value of investments Interest and dividend income Securities lending income	\$ (2,076) 254	482
Total investment loss	(1,82)	(83)
Expenses		
Investment advisor fees Custodian bank fees Management and other allocated fees Securities lending expenses	(1)	(1) (22)
Total expenses	(16	(32)
Net investment loss	(1,837)	7) (115)
Unit transactions		
Proceeds from sale of units Amount paid for repurchase of units		2 1,253 - (5,718)
Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions	22	(4,465)
Decrease in net position	(1,815	5) (4,580)
Net position, beginning of period	399,023	401,788
Net position, end of period	\$ 397,208	\$ 397,208

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's TIPS Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool was established to offer an additional level of diversification over and above nominal fixed income securities in an attempt to mitigate the risk of inflation. The main objective for the Pool is to generate a return that exceeds the rate of inflation over a market cycle, to provide investment income and stability of principal, and to diversify interest rate exposure. The Pool's performance is measured against the Bloomberg 1-10 Year Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) Index on an annualized basis over rolling three- to five-year periods, gross of fees. Assets are managed by Northern Trust Investments.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities and foreign securities denominated in U.S. Dollars, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash collateral, if received, is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

**Distributions to Participants** - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2023:

Assets	Lev	vel 1	]	Level 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Money market mutual fund	\$	83	\$	-	\$		\$ 83
U.S. TIPS				467,384			467,384
Total	\$	83	\$	467,384	\$		\$ 467,467

#### NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at August 31, 2023:

	Fa	Fair Value		
Securities on loan	\$	8,202		
Collateral received:	\$	-		
Non-cash		8,394		
Total collateral received	\$	8,394		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>		Account Value	
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	\$	132,169	
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		113,789	
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		83,655	
Public Employees Insurance Agency		20,022	
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		19,637	
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		17,941	
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		4,743	
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		3,615	
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		1,637	
Total	\$	397,208	

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

## Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
Alternative investments		\$ 5,942,853
Equity investments		206,618
Fixed income investments		14,429
Money market mutual fund		114,129
Securities lending collateral		10,639
Receivables:		
Investments sold		632
Interest, dividends, and other investment income		 947
	<b>Total assets</b>	6,290,247
Liabilities		
Cash overdraft		173
Accrued expenses		741
Payable for investments purchased		1,100
Payable upon return of securities loaned		 10,639
	Total liabilities	12,653
	Net position	\$ 6,277,594
Unit data		
Units outstanding		205,626,161
Net position, unit price		\$ 30.53

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month	Ye	ar To Date
Investment income (loss)			
Net decrease in fair value of investments	\$ (18,444)	\$	(11,239)
Income from partnerships and funds	6,336		9,919
Interest and dividends	953		1,533
Fund closing interest	198		221
Securities lending income	 49		107
Total investment income (loss)	(10,908)		541
Expenses			
Investment advisor fees	(71)		(144)
Custodian bank fees	(2)		(4)
Management and other allocated fees	(172)		(344)
Professional service fees - direct	(128)		(249)
Management fees - external	(714)		(822)
Securities lending expenses	(38)		(88)
Total expenses	 (1,125)		(1,651)
Net investment loss	(12,033)		(1,110)
Unit transactions			
Proceeds from sale of units	33,494		73,420
Amount paid for repurchase of units	 (2,201)		(2,946)
Net increase from unit transactions	31,293		70,474
Increase in net position	19,260		69,364
Net position, beginning of period	6,258,334		6,208,230
Net position, end of period	\$ 6,277,594	\$	6,277,594

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Private Markets Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The objective of the Pool is to enhance the diversification and stability of the portfolio, while generating a higher level of income than generally available in the public fixed income markets and to provide for long-term growth of participants' assets and risk-reduction through diversification. The Pool primarily holds the WVIMB's investments in private credit & income funds, private equity funds, real estate investment trusts (REITs), and real estate limited partnerships and funds. Franklin Park, StepStone Group, and Verus have been retained by the WVIMB to provide consulting services related to the selection of limited partnerships and funds. Publicly traded assets are managed by CBRE Investment Management and Security Capital Research & Management.

## NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Investments in private credit & income funds, private equity partnerships, real estate limited partnerships and funds, and other private funds are securities for which market quotations are not readily available. The WVIMB has concluded that the net asset value reported by the general partners or fund administrators approximates the fair value of these investments and consequently these investments are carried at net asset value as a practical expedient for fair market value. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the net asset value of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the WVIMB's interests in the funds. Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported net asset value. It is therefore reasonably possible that if the WVIMB were to sell these investments in the secondary market a buyer may require a discount to the reported net asset value, and the discount could be significant. The WVIMB believes that the net asset value of such investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of August 31, 2023.
- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.
- Equity securities that trade in non-U.S. markets are valued in U.S. Dollars using period end spot market exchange rates as supplied by the Pool's custodian.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

**Foreign Currency** - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income, if applicable. For international securities, the required percentage is 105 percent unless the foreign securities loaned are denominated and payable in U.S. Dollars, then the collateral shall be at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned. Loans of equity securities may also be collateralized by equity securities and the required percentage of non-cash collateral consisting of equity securities is at least 107 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Foreign Currency Spot Contracts - A foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at a specified exchange rate at an agreed upon future date. The WVIMB enters into foreign currency spot contracts that correspond to investment transactions trading in foreign currencies and to repatriate income. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. These contracts have relatively short durations that mirror foreign market settlement cycles and are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Income from Partnerships** - Income from private equity partnerships, real estate partnerships, private credit & income funds, and other private funds are recognized when distributed to the partners.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. Direct investment-related costs include fees charged by external managers that are outside of their respective partnership or fund, the custodian bank, legal counsel, and the consultant. Other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size.

The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal and state income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

In certain foreign countries the Pool's dividend income and capital gains may be taxable. Such taxes are generally withheld from the payments of these types of income and as a result there is no provision recorded for these taxes. In certain cases there may be a full or partial reclaim available for the withheld taxes. The outstanding reclaims are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Dividend income is reported net of non-reclaimable taxes withheld on the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 established a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities with redemption terms that are not short term.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at August 31, 2023. All of the Pool's investments in private credit & income funds, private equity partnerships, real estate limited partnerships and funds, and other private funds were valued using the NAV, and as such, they have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy table.

Assets	]	Level 1	I	evel 2	Lev	el 3	 Total
Foreign common stock	\$	36,577	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 36,577
Money market mutual fund		114,129		-		-	114,129
Securities lending collateral		-		10,639		-	10,639
U.S. common stock		160,019		-		-	160,019
U.S. corporate bonds		-		14,429		-	14,429
U.S. preferred stock		10,022					 10,022
Total	\$	320,747	\$	25,068	\$		\$ 345,815
Private credit & income funds			•				952,355
Private equity partnerships							2,742,099
Real estate limited partnerships and funds							 2,248,399
Total							\$ 6,288,668

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

The following table presents information on investments measured at the NAV as of August 31, 2023:

Strategies	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Contractual Termination Date Range	Redemption Frequency (a)	Redemption Notice Period
Private credit & income funds:					
Core Debt (b)	\$ 585,359	\$ 93,863	N/A	Quarterly	45 days
Opportunistic Debt (c)	148,199	145,395	2026 to 2031	N/A	N/A
Specialty Credit (d)	218,797	164,461	2024 to 2032	N/A	N/A
Private equity partnerships:					
Corporate Finance - Buyout (e)	1,817,730	512,267	2023 to 2035	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Distressed Debt (f)	30,284	16,263	2024	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Growth Equity (g)	156,695	97,879	2023 to 2031	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Hard Assets (h)	136,062	38,000	2023 to 2033	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Mezzanine (i)	1,886	480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Structured Capital (j)	82,903	20,844	2024 to 2028	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Turnaround (k)	96,529	108,799	2024 to 2032	N/A	N/A
Venture Capital (l)	420,010	50,748	2024 to 2034	N/A	N/A
Real estate limited partnerships and funds:					
Core (m)	1,213,924	5,750	N/A	Quarterly	45-60 days
Opportunistic (n)	300,197	280,297	2023 to 2034	N/A	N/A
Value (o)	734,278	536,098	2023 to 2068	Quarterly	90 days
Total	\$ 5,942,853	\$ 2,071,144			

- (a) Investments without standard redemption frequencies cannot be redeemed until termination of the partnership.
- (b) Core debt funds are primarily senior-secured commercial loans that are on the more conservative end of the spectrum of the private credit market. This may also include funds that invest in senior real estate mortgages and other debt that is structured such that it is considered to have a core risk/return profile. The returns on core private credit investments are expected to be derived from contractual income.
- (c) Opportunistic debt funds is a broad classification that includes different types of debt strategies that have the highest risk-return profile in the private credit market. This may include strategies that invest in distressed debt, complex capital solutions, special situation loans, or market dislocations. It also includes specialized financing to specific industries that are underserved by the general debt markets. The returns on these assets are generally derived from both contractual income and an equity component.
- (d) Specialty credit funds typically invest in asset-backed loans collateralized by commercial or consumer receivables, assets, or loans, as well as other specialty types of commercial loans. This also includes real estate debt funds that invest in mezzanine or other subordinated real estate debt, and/or target higher risk properties than a typical core fund. Specialty Credit investments are typically in the mid-range of the risk return spectrum of the private credit market.
- (e) Corporate Finance Buyout funds acquire controlling or influential interests in companies.
- (f) Corporate Finance Distressed Debt funds acquire the debt of companies experiencing operational or financial distress usually converting the debt to equity and exercising control of the business.
- (g) Corporate Finance Growth Equity funds invest in companies to expand or restructure operations, enter new markets, or finance an acquisition.
- (h) Corporate Finance Hard Assets funds acquire controlling or influential interests in companies operating in natural resources or infrastructure.
- (i) Corporate Finance Mezzanine funds acquire or issue subordinated debentures frequently in businesses controlled by the General Partner, but in another fund.
- (j) Corporate Finance Structured Capital funds combine common equity, preferred equity, fixed-income, and/or customized debt instruments to offer capital appreciation with downside protection.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

- (k) Corporate Finance Turnaround funds acquire the debt and or equity of companies experiencing operational or financial distress in order to radically reorganize and improve the business.
- Venture Capital funds make investments in early stage through late stage companies, frequently start-ups in technology or healthcare.
- (m) Core funds are more conservative real estate investments that use a very modest level of financing to acquire and hold high-quality, stable properties typically located in major markets. Assets within these strategies tend to have high occupancy rates, higher credit tenants, and staggered lease terms, with a number of long-term leases expiring in five-toten years.
- (n) Opportunistic funds have higher risk/return profiles and have broad strategies to achieve these types of returns. Common strategies are properties that need significant rehabilitation or a total redevelopment to transition to a different type of property (for example, converting an office building to condominiums). It may also include new development, distressed debt strategies, and more complex transactions, as well as a more traditional value-add strategy that is financed with a higher amount of leverage.
- (o) Value funds typically use more leverage than core funds and target higher return opportunities by acquiring properties that the manager believes they can add value through capital renovations to the physical facility or enhanced leasing and management activities. Most of these properties have in-place cash flow, which is expected to increase as the business plans are implemented. This could include making physical improvements to the asset that will allow it to command higher rents, increasing efforts to lease vacant space at the property to quality tenants, or improving the management of the property and thereby increasing customer satisfaction or lowering operating expenses where possible.

#### NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at August 31, 2023:

	Fair Value			
Securities on loan	\$	32,202		
Collateral received:				
Cash	\$	10,639		
Non-cash		22,467		
Total collateral received	\$	33,106		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	2,636,516
Public Employees' Retirement System		2,366,402
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		490,139
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		219,315
State Police Retirement System		90,247
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		89,099
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		79,065
Judges' Retirement System		78,564
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		53,230
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		35,206
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		24,135
Wildlife Endowment Fund		20,019
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		18,655
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		17,228
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		11,055
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		10,049
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		9,841
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		7,795
Public Employees Insurance Agency		6,357
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		4,528
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		3,475
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		2,686
Berkeley County Development Authority		2,414
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		1,574
Total	\$	6,277,594

# Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

## Financial Statements - Unaudited August 31, 2023

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## Statement of Net Position - Unaudited August 31, 2023

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

## **Assets**

Investments, at fair value:		
Hedge funds		\$ 2,507,611
Money market mutual fund		68
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends		136
Investment funds redeemed		3,511
	Total assets	2,511,326
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		216
	Net position	\$ 2,511,110
Unit data		
Units outstanding		127,908,349
Net position, unit price		\$ 19.63

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ financial\ statements.$ 

## Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended August 31, 2023\*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date	
Investment income				
Net increase in fair value of investments Interest and dividend income	\$	5,816	\$	35,856 23
Total investment income		5,816		35,879
Expenses				
Professional service fees - direct Management and other allocated fees		(40) (68)		(79) (137)
Total expenses		(108)		(216)
Net investment income		5,708		35,663
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units Amount paid for repurchase of units		4,282 (9,985)		7,189 (12,825)
Net decrease from unit transactions		(5,703)		(5,636)
Increase in net position		5		30,027
Net position, beginning of period		2,511,105		2,481,083
Net position, end of period	\$	2,511,110	\$	2,511,110

<sup>\*</sup>The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Hedge Fund Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool was established to hold the WVIMB's investments in hedge funds. The objective of the Pool is to reduce risk through diversification of participants' assets. The primary performance benchmark is the Hedge Funds Research, Inc. Fund of Funds Composite Index plus 100 Basis points. The secondary benchmark is the Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 3 Month U.S. T-Bill Index plus 500 basis points. Albourne America has been retained by the WVIMB to provide consulting services for this investment strategy.

## NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Investment Valuation** - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's portfolio securities is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Investments in hedge funds are securities for which market quotations are not readily available. The WVIMB has concluded that the net asset value reported by the underlying funds approximates the fair value of these investments and consequently these investments are carried at net asset value as a practical expedient for fair market value. These investments are redeemable with the fund at net asset value under the original terms of the agreements and operations of the underlying fund. However, it is possible that these redemption rights may be restricted or eliminated by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the net asset value of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the WVIMB's interests in the funds. Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported net asset value. It is therefore reasonably possible that if the WVIMB were to sell these investments in the secondary market a buyer may require a discount to the reported net asset value, and the discount could be significant. The WVIMB believes that the net asset value of such investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of August 31, 2023.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value
  of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Investment Transactions** - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions** - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

**Expenses** - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

**Income Taxes** - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of August 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 established a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities with redemption terms that are not short term.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at August 31, 2023. All of the Pool's investments in hedge funds were valued using the NAV, and as such, they have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

Assets	Lev	el 1	Lev	vel 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Money market mutual fund	\$	68	\$	-	\$		\$ 68
Hedge funds							 2,507,611
Total							\$ 2,507,679

The following table presents information on investments measured at the NAV as of August 31, 2023:

				Redemption
Hedge Fund Strategies	F	air Value	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
Directional (a)	\$	162,609	Monthly	5 to 10 days
Equity long/short (b)		471,279	Quarterly	45 to 90 days
Event-driven (c)		167,877	Quarterly	180 days
Long-biased (d)		84,021	Monthly	90 days
Multi-strategy (e)		1,310,757	Monthly, Quarterly, Semiannually	45 to 90 days
Relative-value (f)		257,308	Weekly, Quarterly	5 to 60 days
	\$	2,453,851		
In liquidation (g)		53,760		
Total	\$	2,507,611		

- (a) Directional funds employ various techniques to forecast the direction of segments of the market and then invest in either long or short positions. The segments may be geographic economies, industry sectors, currency, or asset class. The investments may be in physical securities or derivatives. The strategies may be trend-following or mean-reverting and may be specific to that segment or universally applied across them.
- (b) Equity long/short funds involve taking long positions in stocks that are expected to increase in value and short positions in stocks that are expected to decrease in value. Investments representing approximately 66 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (c) Event-driven funds maintain positions in companies currently or prospectively involved in various corporate transactions including, but not limited to, mergers, restructurings, financial distress, tender offers, shareholder buybacks, debt exchanges, security issuance or other capital structure adjustments. Security types can range from most senior in the capital structure to most junior or subordinated, and frequently involve additional derivative securities. Event-driven exposure includes a combination of sensitivities to equity markets, credit markets and company-specific developments. The sole fund in this investment strategy is subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (d) Long-biased funds employ analytical techniques in which the investment thesis is predicated on assessment of the valuation characteristics on the underlying companies with the goal of identifying undervalued companies. Long-biased strategies may vary the investment level or the level of long exposure over market cycles, but the primary distinguishing characteristic is that the manager maintains consistent long exposure.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Amounts in thousands)

## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

- (e) Multi-strategy funds combine several strategies within the same fund in order to provide diversification benefits to reduce return volatility and decrease asset-class and single-strategy risks. These funds typically add incremental returns through active allocation adjustments based on market opportunities. Risk is managed through a combination of quantitative and qualitative constraints including, but not limited to, active risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, manager risk, derivatives risk, and leverage risk. Investments representing approximately 85 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (f) Relative-value funds maintain positions in which the investment thesis is predicated on the realization of a valuation discrepancy in the relationship between multiple securities. Managers employ a variety of fundamental and quantitative techniques to establish investment insights, and security types range broadly across equity, fixed income, derivative or other security types. Fixed income strategies are typically quantitatively driven to measure the existing relationship between instruments and, in some cases, identify attractive positions in which the risk-adjusted spread between these instruments represents an attractive opportunity. Investments representing approximately 59 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (g) Funds currently in liquidation are no longer managed to a defined strategy. As the remaining underlying assets of these funds are monetized, their proceeds are distributed to shareholders. The timing of these future distributions is unknown.

## NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at August 31, 2023:

Participant	Acco	unt Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	952,155
Public Employees' Retirement System		854,517
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		177,006
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		128,436
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		79,201
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		47,903
State Police Retirement System		32,594
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		32,179
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		30,306
Judges' Retirement System		28,374
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		27,992
Public Employees Insurance Agency		27,541
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		26,138
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		19,227
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		12,716
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		7,356
Wildlife Endowment Fund		7,230
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		5,647
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		3,629
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		3,555
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		2,815
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		2,557
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		1,164
Berkeley County Development Authority		872
Total	\$	2,511,110