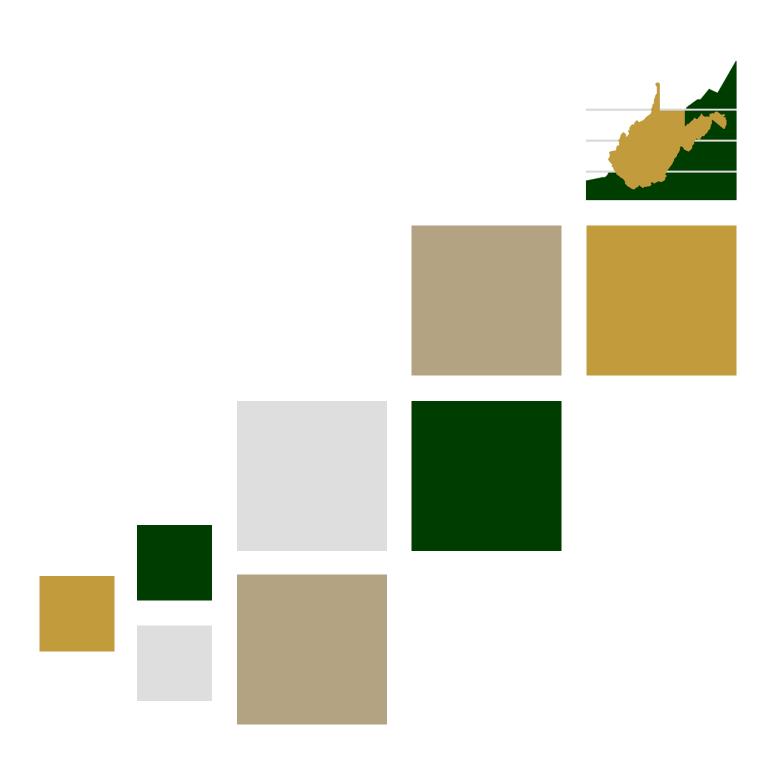
West Virginia Investment Management Board

Financial Statements

May 31, 2025



Financial Statements - Unaudited

May 31, 2025

Order of Presentation

Portable Alpha

Large Cap Domestic Equity

Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity

International Qualified

International Nonqualified

International Equity

Short-Term Fixed Income

Total Return Fixed Income

Core Fixed Income

TIPS

Private Markets

Hedge Fund

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investments, at fair value:			
Alternative risk premia funds		\$	2,122,276
Commingled equity fund			3,111,529
Fixed income investments			777,329
Derivative instruments			183,422
Money market mutual fund			1,006,879
Cash			73
Receivables:			
Interest and dividends			7,905
Investments sold			18,507
	Total assets		7,227,920
Liabilities			
Cash due to broker			132,743
Accrued expenses			560
Payable for investments purchased			395,591
			_
	Total liabilities		528,894
	Net position	\$	6,699,026
Unit data			
Units outstanding			94,723,489
Net position, unit price		\$	70.72
I 2 2 L		-	

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month	Year To Date		
Investment income				
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$ 394,051	\$ 407,953		
Interest and dividends	5,252	54,957		
Total investment income	399,303	462,910		
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees	(108)	(1,088)		
Custodian bank fees	(2)	(21)		
Management and other allocated fees	(170)	(1,760)		
Professional service fees - direct	(12)	(153)		
Total expenses	(292)	(3,022)		
Net investment income	399,011	459,888		
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units	205,962	672,092		
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(264,373)		
Net increase from unit transactions	205,962	407,719		
Increase in net position	604,973	867,607		
Net position, beginning of period	6,094,053	5,831,419		
Net position, end of period	\$ 6,699,026	\$ 6,699,026		

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the Portable Alpha Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool's objective is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, the S&P 500 Index over three- to five-year periods. The Pool has three main components: 1) a domestic large capitalization equity beta replication manager and the related margin account, 2) a portfolio of alternative risk premia funds, and 3) a domestic large capitalization equity index manager. Russell Investments Implementation Services (Russell) is the equity beta replication manager. Russell primarily trades S&P 500 futures contracts and invests the margin account in fixed income securities and a money market mutual fund. Albourne America has been retained by the WVIMB to provide consulting services for the portfolio of alternative risk premia funds. Alternative risk premia funds are similar to hedge funds, but are fully systematic, fully transparent to investors, charge no performance fees, and are highly liquid. The remainder of the Pool's assets are invested in the BlackRock Equity Index Fund B (BlackRock). BlackRock uses a replication indexing approach to achieve investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the S&P 500 Index.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 4 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Futures contracts are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the exchange on which they are traded.
- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's
 custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer
 quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury
 securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies (RIC) or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

• Investments in alternative risk premia (ARP) funds are generally securities for which market quotations are not readily available. The WVIMB has concluded that the net asset value reported by the underlying funds approximates the fair value of these investments and consequently these investments are carried at net asset value as a practical expedient for fair market value. These investments are redeemable with the fund at net asset value under the original terms of the agreements and operations of the underlying fund. However, it is possible that these redemption rights may be restricted or eliminated by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the net asset value of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the WVIMB's interests in the funds. The WVIMB believes that the net asset value of such investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of May 31, 2025.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Cash Due to/from Broker - The Pool records cash amounts due to or from brokers on the Statement of Net Position as Cash due to/from broker. Such amounts are required by brokers for margin on centrally cleared futures, considered restricted, and reported net.

Futures Contracts - A futures contract is an agreement between a buyer or a seller and the clearinghouse of a futures exchange in which the parties agree to buy or sell a commodity, financial instrument or index at a specified future date and price. Upon entering into a financial futures contract, the WVIMB is required to pledge collateral to the broker an amount of cash, U.S. government securities, or other assets, equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount (initial margin deposit). Cash (variation margin) is received from or paid to the broker on a daily basis for the fluctuations of the underlying securities or index.

The market risk associated with holding equity index futures results from changes in the market value of the contractual positions due to changes in the value of the underlying instruments or indices. Investment risk associated with these futures contracts arises because the value of the futures contracts may not correlate perfectly with changes in the values of the underlying instruments or indices due to market distortions.

Other risks associated with futures contracts are liquidity risk and credit risk. Liquidity risk arises when there is insufficient trading in a particular futures contract. Credit risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of the contracts. The WVIMB's managers generally only utilize futures contracts that are traded on major exchanges or are executed with major dealers. The major exchanges assume the risk of a counterparty default and generally require an initial margin deposit of cash or securities.

Structured Securities - The Pool invests in asset-backed securities (ABS) to enhance yields on investments. Changes in market interest rates affect the cash flows of these securities and may result in changes in fair value. The overall return or yield on these securities depends on the changes in the interest and principal payment pattern and market value of the underlying assets.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative instruments held in the Pool are limited to equity index futures. These futures are not designated as hedging instruments under GASB Statement No. 53; they are used to obtain S&P 500 market exposure. See Notes 1 and 2 for additional information on the Pool's purpose for entering into derivatives and for discussion on the risks associated with investing in these derivatives.

The table below presents the fair value, the fiscal year to date net increase (decrease) in fair value, and the notional amount of derivative instruments outstanding as of and for the period ended May 31, 2025:

	Net Increase						
	(Decrease) in Fair Value						
Derivative Type	Fa	ir Value	of Investments		Notional Value		
Futures contracts:							
Equity index futures long	\$	183,422	\$	168,815	\$	4,257,154	

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at May 31, 2025. The Pool's investments in ARP funds that were valued using the NAV, except for those that are a RIC, have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

Assets		 Level 1	Level 2	L	evel 3	 Total
ARP fund (RIC)		\$ 118,006	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 118,006
Certificates of deposit		_	8,763		-	8,763
Commercial paper		_	135,746		-	135,746
Commingled equity fund		3,111,529	-		-	3,111,529
Corporate ABS		_	38,664		-	38,664
Foreign corporate bonds		_	13,963		-	13,963
Futures contracts		183,422	-		-	183,422
Money market mutual fund		1,006,879	-		-	1,006,879
U.S. corporate bonds		_	16,733		-	16,733
U.S. Government agency bonds		_	35,220		-	35,220
U.S. Treasury issues		 -	 528,240			528,240
	Total	\$ 4,419,836	\$ 777,329	\$		\$ 5,197,165
ARP funds				•		2,004,270
	Total					\$ 7,201,435

The following table presents information on investments measured at the NAV as of May 31, 2025:

				Redemption
ARP Fund Strategies	F	air Value	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
Directional (a)	\$	516,531	Daily, Monthly	2 to 30 days
Multi-Premia (b)		1,062,756	Weekly, Biweekly, Monthly	3 to 30 days
Relative-Value (c)		424,983	Biweekly, Monthly	6 to 60 days
	\$	2,004,270		

- (a) Directional funds employ various techniques to forecast the direction of segments of the market and then invest in either long or short positions. The segments may be geographic economies, industry sectors, currency, or asset class. The investments may be in physical securities or derivatives. The strategies may be trend-following or mean-reverting and may be specific to that segment or universally applied across them.
- (b) Multi-premia funds combine several strategies within the same fund in order to provide diversification benefits to reduce return volatility and decrease asset-class and single-strategy risks. These funds typically add incremental returns through allocation adjustments based on market opportunities. Risk is managed through a variety of quantitative constraints including, but not limited to, active risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, manager risk, derivatives risk, and leverage risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

(c) Relative-value funds maintain positions in which the investment thesis is predicated on the realization of a valuation discrepancy in the relationship between multiple securities. Managers employ a variety of fundamental and quantitative techniques to establish investment insights, and security types range broadly across equity, fixed income, derivative or other security types. Fixed income strategies are typically quantitatively driven to measure the existing relationship between instruments and, in some cases, identify attractive positions in which the risk-adjusted spread between these instruments represents an attractive opportunity. Investments representing approximately 21 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.

NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	2,821,659
Public Employees' Retirement System		2,580,838
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		570,147
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		227,189
State Police Retirement System		108,648
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		103,470
Judges' Retirement System		88,856
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		74,532
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		60,287
Wildlife Endowment Fund		20,826
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		15,461
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		15,429
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		9,686
Berkeley County Development Authority		1,998
Total	\$	6,699,026

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investment in commingled equity fund at fair value		\$ 373,878
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased		 22 5,700
	Net position	\$ 368,156
Unit data		
Units outstanding Net position, unit price		\$ 5,144,932 71.56

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date		
Investment income					
Net increase in fair value of investments Dividends	\$	21,798	\$	32,093 4	
Total investment income		21,798		32,097	
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees		(2)		(24)	
Custodian bank fees		-		(1)	
Management and other allocated fees		(9)		(97)	
Total expenses		(11)		(122)	
Net investment income		21,787		31,975	
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units		11,012		42,840	
Amount paid for repurchase of units		<u>-</u>		(41,732)	
Net increase from unit transactions		11,012		1,108	
Increase in net position		32,799		33,083	
Net position, beginning of period		335,357		335,073	
Net position, end of period	\$	368,156	\$	368,156	

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the Large Cap Domestic Equity Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool's objective is to equal or exceed, net of external investment management fees, the S&P 500 Index over three- to five-year periods. The Pool invests in the BlackRock Equity Index Fund B (BlackRock). BlackRock uses a replication indexing approach to achieve investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the S&P 500 Index.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Open-end regulated investment companies and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator. Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of May 31, 2025:

Assets]	Level 1	 Level 2	Lev	rel 3	Total
Commingled equity fund	\$	373,878	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 373,878

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

Participant	Acc	ount Value
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	\$	121,472
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		66,628
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		60,952
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		37,107
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		29,660
Public Employees Insurance Agency		20,200
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		10,716
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		7,772
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		6,348
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		3,064
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		3,028
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		1,209
Total	\$	368,156

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Equity investments \$ 1,055,212 Money market mutual fund 53,782 Securities lending collateral 129,502 Receivables: ************************************	Investments, at fair value:		
Securities lending collateral 129,502 Receivables: 1,611 Dividends and other investment income Investments sold 1,611 Investments sold 760 Total assets Accrued expenses 1,414 Payable for investments purchased 17,338 Payable upon return of securities loaned 129,502 Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data Units outstanding 17,219,293	Equity investments		\$ 1,055,212
Receivables: 1,611 Investments sold 760 Total assets 1,240,867 Liabilities 3 Accrued expenses 1,414 Payable for investments purchased 17,338 Payable upon return of securities loaned 129,502 Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data 17,219,293	Money market mutual fund		53,782
Dividends and other investment income Investments sold 1,611 / 760 Investments sold Total assets 1,240,867 Liabilities 3,240,867 Accrued expenses 1,414 / 2,338 Payable for investments purchased 17,338 / 2,338 Payable upon return of securities loaned 129,502 Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data Units outstanding 17,219,293	Securities lending collateral		129,502
Investments sold 760 Total assets 1,240,867 Liabilities Accrued expenses 1,414 Payable for investments purchased 17,338 Payable upon return of securities loaned 129,502 Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data Units outstanding 17,219,293	Receivables:		
Liabilities Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 1,240,867 1,414 Payable for investments purchased 17,338 Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data Units outstanding	Dividends and other investment income		1,611
Liabilities Accrued expenses	Investments sold		 760
Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 148,254 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 1,414 17,338 17,319,293		Total assets	1,240,867
Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 148,254 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 17,338 129,502 148,254 Net position 17,219,293	Liabilities		
Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data Units outstanding 17,219,293	Accrued expenses		1,414
Total liabilities 148,254 Net position \$ 1,092,613 Unit data 17,219,293	Payable for investments purchased		17,338
Unit data Units outstanding Net position \$ 1,092,613 17,219,293	Payable upon return of securities loaned		 129,502
Unit data Units outstanding 17,219,293		Total liabilities	 148,254
Units outstanding 17,219,293		Net position	\$ 1,092,613
	Unit data		
	Units outstanding		17,219,293
	· ·		\$

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date		
Investment income					
Net increase in fair value of investments Dividends Securities lending income	\$	63,272 1,974 459	\$	57,426 11,180 3,715	
Total investment income		65,705		72,321	
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees Custodian bank fees		(743) (2)		(8,072) (45)	
Management and other allocated fees Professional service fees - direct Securities lending expenses		(26) - (432)		(331) (3) (3,373)	
Total expenses		(1,203)		(11,824)	
Net investment income		64,502		60,497	
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units Amount paid for repurchase of units		16,878		37,936 (145,683)	
Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions		16,878		(107,747)	
Increase (decrease) in net position		81,380		(47,250)	
Net position, beginning of period		1,011,233		1,139,863	
Net position, end of period	\$	1,092,613	\$	1,092,613	

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool's objective is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, the Russell 2500 Index over three- to five-year periods. Assets are managed by Cooper Creek Partners Management and Westfield Capital Management.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value
 of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities and foreign securities denominated in U.S. dollars, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned. The required percentage of non-cash collateral consisting of equity securities is at least 107 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of May 31, 2025:

Assets	Level 1]	Level 2	Le	vel 3	Total
Domestic common stock	\$ 936,890	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 936,890
Foreign common stock	115,791		-		-	115,791
Master limited partnership	2,531		-		-	2,531
Money market mutual fund	53,782		-		-	53,782
Securities lending collateral	 		129,502			 129,502
Total	\$ 1,108,994	\$	129,502	\$		\$ 1,238,496

NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at May 31, 2025:

	Fair Value			
Securities on loan	\$	233,471		
Collateral received:				
Cash	\$	129,502		
Non-cash		110,810		
Total collateral received	\$	240,312		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

Participant	Acco	unt Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	437,012
Public Employees' Retirement System		398,410
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		87,711
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		35,040
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		19,141
State Police Retirement System		16,682
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		15,915
Judges' Retirement System		13,713
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		11,703
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		10,413
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		9,468
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		9,204
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		5,785
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		4,684
Wildlife Endowment Fund		3,210
Public Employees Insurance Agency		3,123
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		2,374
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		2,369
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		1,696
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		1,483
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		1,217
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		989
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		485
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		478
Berkeley County Development Authority		308
Total	\$	1,092,613

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

International Qualified Pool

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

International Qualified Pool

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Asse	ets
------	-----

Investment in commingled equity fund at fair value \$ 1,231,782

Liabilities

Net position \$ 1,231,721

61

Unit data

Accrued expenses

Units outstanding10,483,650Net position, unit price\$ 117.49

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date	
Investment income				
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$	47,482	\$	160,602
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees		(528)		(5,476)
Management and other allocated fees		(30)		(323)
Total expenses		(558)		(5,799)
Net investment income		46,924		154,803
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units		525		14,675
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(496)		(74,370)
Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions		29		(59,695)
Increase in net position		46,953		95,108
Net position, beginning of period		1,184,768		1,136,613
Net position, end of period	\$	1,231,721	\$	1,231,721

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's International Qualified Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool invests in a commingled equity fund, specifically The Silchester International Investors International Value Equity Group Trust (Silchester). The Pool's objective is to produce investment returns that exceed the MSCI Europe Australasia Far East Index (MSCI EAFE) by 200 basis points over three- to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. Only "qualified participants" (as defined by the *Internal Revenue Code*) may invest in the Pool. Silchester invests in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies incorporated in any country other than the United States, with limited exposure to emerging markets and no unreasonable concentration exposure to any single issuer or country. Redemptions from Silchester can be made monthly with ten business days advance written notice. Redemptions will generally be made within seven business days following month end. Subscriptions and redemptions may be subject to anti-dilution levies to offset costs such as stamp duty, brokerage commissions, foreign exchange costs, bid-offer spreads, and market impact charges.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Commingled investment funds are valued on the last business day of each month at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator. Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of the investment fund in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such fund.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The investment in Silchester is valued using the NAV. As Silchester is the only investment in the Pool, a fair value hierarchy table is not presented.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	570,702
Public Employees' Retirement System		521,622
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		46,035
State Police Retirement System		21,936
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		20,901
Judges' Retirement System		17,969
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		15,329
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		12,157
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		3,115
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		1,955
Total	\$	1,231,721

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investment in commingled equity fund at fair value		\$ 198,668
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		10
	Net position	\$ 198,658
Unit data		
Units outstanding Net position, unit price		\$ 1,877,048 105.84

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ financial\ statements.$

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

	Month		Year To Date	
Investment income				
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$	7,437	\$	25,750
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees		(97)		(1,022)
Management and other allocated fees		(5)		(52)
Total expenses		(102)		(1,074)
Net investment income		7,335		24,676
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units		440		18,269
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(436)		(33,220)
Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions		4		(14,951)
Increase in net position		7,339		9,725
Net position, beginning of period		191,319		188,933
Net position, end of period	\$	198,658	\$	198,658

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's International Nonqualified Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool invests in a commingled equity fund, specifically The Silchester International Investors International Value Equity Trust (Silchester). The Pool's objective is to produce investment returns that exceed the MSCI Europe Australasia Far East Index (MSCI EAFE) by 200 basis points over three- to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. The Pool exists for participants who are not "qualified" (as defined by the *Internal Revenue Code*). Silchester invests in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies incorporated in any country other than the United States, with limited exposure to emerging markets and no unreasonable concentration exposure to any single issuer or country. Redemptions from Silchester can be made monthly with ten business days advance written notice. Redemptions will generally be made within seven business days following month end. Subscriptions and redemptions may be subject to anti-dilution levies to offset costs such as stamp duty, brokerage commissions, foreign exchange costs, bid-offer spreads, and market impact charges.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Commingled investment funds are valued on the last business day of each month at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator. Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of the investment fund in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such fund.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The investment in Silchester is valued using the NAV. As Silchester is the only investment in the Pool, a fair value hierarchy table is not presented.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

Participant	Acc	ount Value
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	\$	114,654
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		25,308
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		13,753
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		12,675
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		7,808
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		6,173
Wildlife Endowment Fund		4,188
Public Employees Insurance Agency		4,186
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		3,100
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		2,230
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		1,611
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		1,314
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		631
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		626
Berkeley County Development Authority		401
Total	\$	198,658

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Equity investments \$ 3,052,276 Money market mutual fund 30,242 Securities lending collateral 85,908 Cash (restricted: \$6,914) 25,171 Receivables: """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	Investments, at fair value:		
Money market mutual fund 30,242 Securities lending collateral 85,908 Cash (restricted: \$6,914) 25,171 Receivables: """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	•		\$ 3,052,276
Cash (restricted: \$6,914) 25,171 Receivables: 23,434 Investments sold 12,534 Total assets 3,229,565 Liabilities Accrued capital gains taxes 4,392 Accrued expenses 2,943 Payable for investments purchased 20,274 Payable upon return of securities loaned 85,908 Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 Unit data Units outstanding 60,263,019	ž •		
Receivables: 23,434 Investments sold 12,534 Investments sold 3,229,565 Total assets 3,229,565 Liabilities Accrued capital gains taxes 4,392 Accrued expenses 2,943 Payable for investments purchased 20,274 Payable upon return of securities loaned 85,908 Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 Units outstanding 60,263,019	Securities lending collateral		85,908
Dividends and other investment income Investments sold 23,434 12,534 Investments sold 12,534 Total assets 3,229,565 Liabilities 4,392 Accrued capital gains taxes 4,392 Accrued expenses 2,943 Payable for investments purchased 20,274 Payable upon return of securities loaned 85,908 Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 Units outstanding 60,263,019			25,171
Investments sold 12,534 Total assets 3,229,565 Liabilities 4,392 Accrued capital gains taxes 4,392 Accrued expenses 2,943 Payable for investments purchased 20,274 Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 Unit data 60,263,019	Receivables:		
Total assets 3,229,565 Liabilities Accrued capital gains taxes 4,392 Accrued expenses 2,943 Payable for investments purchased 20,274 Payable upon return of securities loaned 85,908 Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$3,116,048 Units outstanding 60,263,019	Dividends and other investment income		23,434
Accrued capital gains taxes Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 60,263,019	Investments sold		12,534
Accrued capital gains taxes Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 60,263,019			
Accrued capital gains taxes Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 4,392 2,943 20,274 2		Total assets	3,229,565
Accrued capital gains taxes Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 4,392 2,943 20,274 2			
Accrued expenses Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 2,943 20,274	Liabilities		
Payable for investments purchased Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position Unit data Units outstanding 20,274 85,908 Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 60,263,019	Accrued capital gains taxes		4,392
Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 Unit data Units outstanding 60,263,019	Accrued expenses		2,943
Payable upon return of securities loaned Total liabilities 113,517 Net position \$ 3,116,048 Unit data Units outstanding 60,263,019	Payable for investments purchased		20,274
Net position \$ 3,116,048 Unit data 60,263,019			85,908
Net position \$ 3,116,048 Unit data 60,263,019		Total liabilities	112 517
Unit data Units outstanding 60,263,019		Total habilities	 113,317
Units outstanding 60,263,019		Net position	\$ 3,116,048
Units outstanding 60,263,019			
	Unit data		
Net position, unit price \$ 51.71	Units outstanding		60,263,019
	Net position, unit price		\$ 51.71

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

		Month	Ye	ar To Date
Investment income				
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$	153,691	\$	396,692
Dividends		16,522		85,432
Securities lending income		467		3,086
Total investment inco	ome	170,680		485,210
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees		(1,285)		(13,720)
Custodian bank fees		(112)		(1,382)
Management and other allocated fees		(76)		(845)
Professional service fees - direct		-		(3)
Securities lending expenses		(325)		(2,590)
Total expen	ises	(1,798)		(18,540)
Net investment inco	ome	168,882		466,670
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units		_		141,169
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(97,058)		(595,829)
Net decrease from unit transaction	ons	(97,058)		(454,660)
Increase in net posit	ion	71,824		12,010
Net position, beginning of per	iod	3,044,224		3,104,038
Net position, end of per	iod <u>\$</u>	3,116,048	\$	3,116,048

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's International Equity Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool invests in the equities of international companies. The objective of the Pool is to outperform the international equity market as measured by the MSCI All Country World Index Ex U.S. (MSCI ACWI ex U.S.) over a full market cycle (three-to five-years), net of external investment management fees. Assets are managed by Acadian Asset Management, Axiom International Investors, LSV Asset Management, Numeric Investors, and Oberweis Asset Management.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.
- Open-end regulated investment companies and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.
- Equity securities that trade in non-U.S. markets are valued in U.S. dollars using period end spot market exchange rates as supplied by the Pool's custodian.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Cash - Cash consists of cash on deposit with financial institutions. Balances subject to withdrawal restrictions are noted parenthetically on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign Currency - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received. The required percentage for cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is 105 percent unless the foreign securities loaned are denominated and payable in U.S. dollars, then the collateral shall be at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned. The required percentage of non-cash collateral consisting of equity securities is at least 107 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Foreign Currency Spot Contracts - A foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at a specified exchange rate at an agreed upon future date. The WVIMB enters into foreign currency spot contracts that correspond to investment transactions trading in foreign currencies and to repatriate income. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. These contracts have relatively short durations that mirror foreign market settlement cycles and are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

In certain foreign countries, the Pool's dividend income and capital gains may be taxable. Taxes on dividend income are generally withheld from the payments and as a result there is no provision recorded for these taxes. In certain cases there may be a full or partial reclaim available for the withheld taxes. Capital gains taxes, if any, on sales of securities may be assessed and paid concurrent with the sale or upon the filing of a return with the taxing authority. In countries where the WVIMB is liable for capital gains taxes, the WVIMB will estimate and accrue a capital gains tax liability for unrealized gains on securities held in such countries. The outstanding reclaims and accrued capital gains taxes, when applicable, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Dividend income is reported net of non-reclaimable taxes withheld on the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The net increase in the fair value of investments is reported net of capital gains taxes on the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of May 31, 2025:

Assets		Level 1	I	evel 2	Le	vel 3	 Total
Common stock	_	\$ 3,040,001	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,040,001
Money market mutual fund		30,242		-		-	30,242
Preferred stock		12,120		-		-	12,120
Rights		155		-		=	155
Securities lending collateral		-		85,908		=	85,908
	Total	\$ 3,082,518	\$	85,908	\$	_	\$ 3,168,426

NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at May 31, 2025:

	F	air Value
Securities on loan	\$	141,920
Collateral received:		
Cash	\$	85,908
Non-cash		63,502
Total collateral received	\$	149,410

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	1,244,168
Public Employees' Retirement System		1,136,575
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		250,194
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		100,432
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		54,962
State Police Retirement System		47,622
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		45,395
Judges' Retirement System		39,088
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		33,345
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		29,973
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		27,230
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		26,362
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund		16,701
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		13,373
Wildlife Endowment Fund		9,129
Public Employees Insurance Agency		9,014
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		6,755
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		6,727
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		4,849
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		4,240
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		3,483
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		2,838
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		1,368
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		1,351
Berkeley County Development Authority		874
Total	\$	3,116,048
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Δ	SS	6 1	rc

Investments, at amortized cost:		
U.S. Government agency bonds	\$	171,179
U.S. Treasury issues		24,954
Repurchase agreement		14,053
Cash		1
Interest receivable		5
		_
Total asso	ets	210,192
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses	_	20
Net position	on <u>\$</u>	210,172
Unit data		
Units outstanding		210,172,427
Net position, unit price	\$	1.00

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Yea	ar To Date
Investment income				
Interest	\$	834	\$	9,466
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees Custodian bank fees		(9)		(100) (7)
Total expenses		(9)		(107)
Net investment income		825		9,359
Distributions to unitholders		(825)		(9,359)
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units		167,207		1,481,430
Reinvestment of distributions Amount paid for repurchase of units		825 (126,496)		9,359 (1,544,090)
Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions		41,536		(53,301)
Increase (decrease) in net position		41,536		(53,301)
Net position, beginning of period		168,636		263,473
Net position, end of period	\$	210,172	\$	210,172

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees (Board), consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Short-Term Fixed Income Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The main objective of the Pool is to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the daily disbursements requested by participants and to invest any contributions until the time the money is transferred to other WVIMB operated investment pools without sustaining capital losses while earning a small return above inflation. The Pool's benchmark, net of external investment management fees, is the Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 3 Month U.S. T-Bill Index. JP Morgan Investment Advisors manages the Pool.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at amortized cost provided such amounts approximate fair value in accordance with GASB Statements No. 72 and No. 79. The basic premise underlying the use of the amortized cost method of valuation is that high-quality, short-term debt securities held until maturity will eventually return to their amortized cost value regardless of any current disparity between the amortized cost value and market value as such securities would not ordinarily be expected to fluctuate significantly in value. The Pool values its securities at amortized cost so long as the deviation between the amortized cost and current market value remains minimal and results in the computation of a share price that represents fairly the stable net position value per share of \$1. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Repurchase Agreements - In connection with transactions in repurchase agreements, it is the WVIMB's policy that its designated custodian or mutual third party take possession of the underlying collateral securities, the fair value of which exceeds the principal amount of the repurchase transaction at all times. If the seller defaults, and the fair value of the collateral declines, realization of the collateral by the WVIMB may be delayed or limited.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income, including the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums, is accrued daily as earned.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated daily by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Management's policy is for the Pool to maintain a stable unit price of \$1 per unit. If the calculated unit price rounds to \$1, then participant transactions are executed at this price.

Distributions to Participants - Daily net investment income is declared as a dividend and distributed to the participants of the Pool on the last day of the month. Distributions are paid in the form of reinvestments in the Pool and have been included in distributions to unitholders and reinvestment of distributions as presented on the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The Pool does not distribute net investment losses.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. The Pool is only charged for its direct investment-related costs. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of May 31, 2025:

Assets		Lev	vel 1	I	Level 2	Lev	vel 3	 Total
Repurchase agreement		\$	-	\$	14,053	\$	-	\$ 14,053
U.S. Government agency bonds			-		171,179		-	171,179
U.S. Treasury issues					24,954			 24,954
•	Total	\$		\$	210,186	\$		\$ 210,186

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Accou	nt Value
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	\$	67,662
Teachers' Retirement System		50,243
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		33,868
Public Employees' Retirement System		25,460
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		8,386
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		5,616
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		2,506
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		2,393
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		2,355
State Police Retirement System		2,123
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		2,092
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		1,789
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		1,755
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		1,280
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		1,089
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		754
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		376
Judges' Retirement System		216
Wildlife Endowment Fund		178
Public Employees Insurance Agency		14
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		11
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		4
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		2
Total	\$	210,172

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
Fixed income investments		\$ 2,616,522
Derivative instruments		40,485
Equity investments		12,579
Money market mutual fund		195,093
Securities lending collateral		76,391
Cash (restricted: \$1)		10,071
Receivables:		
Interest, dividends, and other investment income		22,148
Investments sold		 480
	Total assets	2,973,769
Liabilities		
Investments in derivative instruments at fair value		33,505
Cash due to broker, net		2,637
Accrued expenses		1,104
Payable for investments purchased		282,693
Payable upon return of securities loaned		 76,391
	Total liabilities	396,330
	Net position	\$ 2,577,439
Unit data		
Units outstanding		142,240,863
Net position, unit price		\$ 18.12
-		

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

		Month		Year To Date	
Investment income (loss)					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	of investments	\$	(11,466)	\$	55,417
Interest and dividends			10,677		118,522
Securities lending income			263		3,158
	Total investment income (loss)		(526)		177,097
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees			(466)		(5,303)
Custodian bank fees			(14)		(138)
Management and other allocated fee	S		(67)		(754)
Securities lending expenses			(244)		(2,894)
	Total expenses		(791)		(9,089)
	Net investment income (loss)		(1,317)		168,008
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units			285		147,109
Amount paid for repurchase of units			(78,732)		(265,044)
	Net decrease from unit transactions		(78,447)		(117,935)
	Increase (decrease) in net position		(79,764)		50,073
	Net position, beginning of period		2,657,203		2,527,366
	Net position, end of period	\$	2,577,439	\$	2,577,439

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Total Return Fixed Income Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The main objective of the Pool is to generate investment income, provide stability, and enhance diversification, but not at the expense of total return. The Pool's investment objective is to outperform the Bloomberg U.S. Universal Bond Index over three-to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. Dodge & Cox, Franklin Templeton Investments, and Western Asset Management Company manage the Pool.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 4 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies, commingled debt funds, and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.
- Futures and option contracts are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the exchange on which they are traded.
- Credit default, interest rate, and total return swaps are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the
 exchange on which they are traded, are based on market values received from third parties, or are determined by
 valuation models.
- Foreign currency forward contracts are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.
- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash - Cash consists of cash on deposit with financial institutions. Balances subject to withdrawal restrictions are noted parenthetically on the Statement of Net Position.

Cash Due to/from Broker - The Pool records cash amounts due to or from brokers on the Statement of Net Position as Cash due to/from broker. Such amounts are required by brokers for collateral on certain derivative instruments and/or on forward-settling mortgage-backed securities, considered restricted, and reported net.

Foreign Currency - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income. For international securities, the required collateral is at least 105 percent of the market value of the securities on loan unless the foreign securities loaned are denominated and payable in U.S. dollars, then the collateral shall be at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Option Contracts - The WVIMB may purchase or write bond, currency, or index option contracts that have recognized liquidity and are actively traded on major exchanges or are executed with major dealers. These option contracts give the purchaser (seller) of the contract the right to buy (call) or sell (put) the security, or settle cash for an index option, underlying the contract at an agreed upon price (strike price) during, or at the conclusion of, a specified period of time.

Written option contracts are used to enhance investment returns and reduce portfolio convexity when implied volatility is high. Purchased option contracts are used to increase portfolio convexity when implied volatility is low, to implement certain yield curve strategies, or to hedge sector exposure.

When writing put options, there is risk that a loss may be incurred if the market price of the underlying instrument decreases and the option is exercised. This loss is determined by market conditions and cannot be specifically limited. The risk associated with writing call options is the loss of potential profit if the market price of the security increases and the option is exercised.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Purchased put or call options bear the risk of loss of the premium paid if market conditions are not favorable to exercise the option. There may also be risk that the value of the option contract does not correlate perfectly with movements of the underlying instrument due to certain market distortions.

The WVIMB limits its exposure to credit risk by only buying or selling options traded on major exchanges or executed with major dealers. There is a risk of the inability to enter into a closing transaction if a liquid secondary market does not exist. The WVIMB maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash equivalents to meet cash flow obligations.

Futures Contracts - A futures contract is an agreement between a buyer or a seller and the clearinghouse of a futures exchange in which the parties agree to buy or sell a commodity, financial instrument or index at a specified future date and price. Upon entering into a financial futures contract, the WVIMB is required to pledge collateral to the broker an amount of cash, U.S. government securities, or other assets, equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount (initial margin deposit). Cash (variation margin) is received from or paid to the broker on a daily basis for the fluctuations of the underlying securities or index.

Interest rate futures may be used to enhance portfolio yields, manage portfolio duration, or as an alternative investment of cash.

The market risk associated with holding interest rate futures results from changes in the market value of the contractual positions due to changes in the value of the underlying instruments or indices. Investment risk associated with these futures contracts arises because the value of the futures contracts may not correlate perfectly with changes in the values of the underlying instruments or indices due to market distortions.

Other risks associated with futures contracts are liquidity risk and credit risk. Liquidity risk arises when there is insufficient trading in a particular futures contract. Credit risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of the contracts. The WVIMB's managers generally only utilize futures contracts that are traded on major exchanges or are executed with major dealers. The major exchanges assume the risk of a counterparty default and generally require an initial margin deposit of cash or securities.

Foreign Currency Contracts – A foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at a specified exchange rate at an agreed upon future date. The WVIMB enters into foreign currency spot contracts that correspond to investment transactions trading in foreign currencies and to repatriate income. The WVIMB enters into forward contracts to take advantage of the relative changes in currency exchange rates. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. Spot contracts have relatively short durations that mirror foreign market settlement cycles, while forward contracts are often entered into with durations up to 3- to 4-months. Foreign currency contracts are valued at the prevailing market exchange rates at month end.

Repurchase Agreements - In connection with transactions in repurchase agreements, it is the WVIMB's policy that its designated custodian or mutual third party take possession of the underlying collateral securities, the fair value of which exceeds the principal amount of the repurchase transaction at all times. If the seller defaults, and the fair value of the collateral declines, realization of the collateral by the WVIMB may be delayed or limited.

Credit Default Swaps - Credit default swaps are agreements between counterparties to transfer the credit risk of referenced debt securities. The buyer of the credit default swap gains protection against a negative credit event such as a default or credit rating downgrade and the seller assumes the credit risk and is obligated to pay upon the occurrence of such an event. Credit default swap agreements are marked-to-market daily. Upfront payments received or made by the Pool on credit default swap agreements are capitalized. Periodic payments received or paid are recorded as interest income. Payments received or made as a result of a credit event or termination of the contract are recognized, net of a proportional amount of the upfront payment, in net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Credit default swaps are instruments which allow for the full or partial transfer of third-party credit risk, with respect to a particular entity or entities, from one counterparty to the other. A seller of credit default swaps is selling credit protection or assuming credit risk with respect to the underlying entity or entities. If a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of the swap agreement, the seller of protection will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash or securities equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index. The Notional Principal reflects the maximum potential amount the seller of protection could be required to pay if a credit event occurs. The seller of protection receives periodic premium payments from the counterparty and may also receive or pay an upfront premium adjustment to the stated periodic premium.

Interest Rate Swaps - Interest rate swaps are agreements between counterparties to exchange cash flows based on the difference between a fixed and floating interest rate, applied to a notional principal amount for a specified period. Upfront payments received or made by the Pool on interest rate swap agreements are capitalized. Interest is paid or received periodically.

Total Return Swaps - Total return swaps are agreements in which one party makes payments based on a fixed or variable rate, while the other party makes payments based on the total return of an underlying referenced instrument, applied to a notional principal amount for a specified period. The underlying referenced instrument can be either a security or market index. A total return swap allows the party receiving the total return to obtain exposure to the underlying referenced instrument without actually owning the underlying position.

Structured Securities - The Pool invests in any combination of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO), including interest-only (IO) and/or principal-only (PO) tranches, asset-backed securities (ABS), mortgage-backed securities (MBS), forward-settling MBS that are commonly known as to-be-announced securities (TBAs), and structured corporate debt. The Pool invests in these securities to enhance yields on investments. Changes in market interest rates affect the cash flows of these securities and may result in changes in fair value. The overall return or yield on these securities depends on the changes in the interest and principal payment pattern and market value of the underlying assets.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal or state income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In certain foreign countries, the Pool's interest income and capital gains may be taxable. Taxes on interest income are generally withheld from the payments and as a result there is no provision recorded for these taxes. In certain cases, there may be a full or partial reclaim available for the withheld taxes. Capital gains taxes, if any, on sales of securities may be assessed and paid concurrent with the sale or upon the filing of a return with the taxing authority. In countries where the WVIMB is liable for capital gains taxes, the WVIMB will estimate and accrue a capital gains tax liability for unrealized gains on securities held in such countries. The outstanding reclaims and accrued capital gains taxes, when applicable, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Interest income is reported net of non-reclaimable taxes withheld on the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments is reported net of capital gains taxes on the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative instruments held in the Pool include foreign currency forward contracts, futures, options, credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, and total return swaps. None of these derivative instruments are designated as hedging instruments under GASB Statement No. 53; they are used to implement portfolio strategy, capture valuation opportunities, and to exploit market inefficiencies. The primary risks managed by using these derivative instruments include interest rate, foreign exchange rate, and market price risks. See Note 2 for additional information on the Pool's purpose for entering into derivatives and for discussion on the risks associated with investing in these derivatives.

The table below presents the fair value and the net increase (decrease) in fair value of derivative instruments as of and for the period ended May 31, 2025:

		Net	Increase
		(Decrease	e) in Fair Value
Fa	ir Value	of Inv	estments
\$	(2,446)	\$	(2,180)
	2,943		(9,582)
	(3,311)		19,712
	1,591		(11,390)
	(2,145)		18,306
	-		(138)
	-		394
	-		(137)
	=		137
	=		(9)
	3,824		123
	6,481		8,821
	43		1,712
\$	6,980	\$	25,769
		2,943 (3,311) 1,591 (2,145) - - - - 3,824 6,481 43	Fair Value Of Inv \$ (2,446) \$ 2,943 (3,311) 1,591 (2,145) - 3,824 6,481 43

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Credit Risk

The Pool, through its investment managers, is a party to International Swap and Derivative Association, Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreements (MA) that may allow the netting of a counterparty's obligations against those of the Pool in the event of a default by the counterparty. The Pool is required to disclose the positions held at period end that were entered into pursuant to agreements that allow for such netting.

For financial reporting purposes, the Pool does not offset derivative assets and derivative liabilities that are subject to netting arrangements in the Statement of Net Position. The following table presents the Pool's derivative assets net of amounts available for offset under a netting provision and net of related collateral received by the Pool as of May 31, 2025:

	De	erivative	De	rivatives	No	n-Cash				
	Asse	ets Subject	Ava	ailable for	Co	llateral	Cash C	ollateral		
Derivative Type	to	o a MA		Offset	Re	ceived	Rec	eived	Net Ex	posure
Foreign currency										
forward contracts	\$	227	\$	(227)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Swaps		12,689		(11,916)		(729)				44_
Total	\$	12,916	\$	(12,143)	\$	(729)	\$	-	\$	44

Foreign currency forward contracts, certain swaps, and swaptions are exposed to counterparty credit risk. The WVIMB reviews available ratings from Standard & Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch and reports the rating indicative of the greatest degree of risk.

The following table provides the credit ratings for the Pool's derivative instruments that are subject to counterparty credit risk as of May 31, 2025:

Derivative Type	Counterparty Rating	Fair	Value
Foreign currency forward contracts	A	\$	297
Foreign currency forward contracts	BBB		142

Interest Rate Risk

The following table provides the time to maturity for derivative instruments that are subject to interest rate risk as of May 31, 2025:

	Investment Maturities (in years))		
Derivative Type	Fair Value		Under-1		1-5		6-10		10+	
Futures contracts:										
Fixed income futures long	\$	2,943	\$	2,591	\$	352	\$	-	\$	-
Fixed income futures short		(3,311)		(3,311)		-		-		-
Options contracts:										
Fixed income options purchased		1,591		828		763		-		-
Fixed income options written		(2,145)		(1,297)		(848)		-		-
Interest rate swaps		6,481				593		5,054		834
Total	\$	5,559	\$	(1,189)	\$	860	\$	5,054	\$	834

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate swaps are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. The following tables provide detailed information on derivative instruments that are highly sensitive to interest rate changes.

At May 31, 2025, the open positions in interest rate swaps denominated in U.S. dollars were as follows:

	1	Notional	Fai	r Value
6, Pay Floating SOFR	\$	195,319	\$	(250)
b, Pay Floating SOFR		262,677		5,386
OFR, Pay Fixed 3.73%		248,774		(332)
OFR, Pay Fixed 3.77%		6,920		348
OFR, Pay Fixed 3.85%		45,421		190
OFR, Pay Fixed 3.99%		37,253		296
	\$	796,364	\$	5,638
	6, Pay Floating SOFR 6, Pay Floating SOFR 9FR, Pay Fixed 3.73% 9FR, Pay Fixed 3.77% 9FR, Pay Fixed 3.85% 9FR, Pay Fixed 3.99%	5, Pay Floating SOFR 6, Pay Floating SOFR DFR, Pay Fixed 3.73% DFR, Pay Fixed 3.77% DFR, Pay Fixed 3.85%	b, Pay Floating SOFR 262,677 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.73% 248,774 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.77% 6,920 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.85% 45,421 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.99% 37,253	6, Pay Floating SOFR \$ 195,319 \$ 262,677 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.73% 6,920 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.85% 45,421 DFR, Pay Fixed 3.99% 37,253

At May 31, 2025, the open positions in interest rate swaps denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

Maturity Date	Reference Rate	Notio	nal (USD)	Fai	r Value
1/2/2030	Receive Fixed 14.76%, Pay Floating Brazil CDI	\$	28,865	\$	843

Reference Rate Index Definitions:

SOFR: Secured Overnight Financing Rate Brazil CDI: Brazilian Interbank Deposit Rate

Foreign Currency Risk

The Pool has foreign currency forward contracts, futures contracts, and swap contracts that are denominated in foreign currencies and exposed to foreign currency risks. The amounts at fair value (in U.S. dollars) of derivative instruments in foreign currencies as of May 31, 2025, are as follows:

	F	oreign					
	Cu	rrency					
	Fo	rward	Fu	tures		Swap	
Currency	Co	ntracts	Con	tracts	Co	ontracts	 Total
Australian Dollar	\$	(123)	\$	295	\$	-	\$ 172
Brazilian Real		(114)		-		843	729
British Pound		(98)		(30)		-	(128)
Canadian Dollar		(33)		-		-	(33)
Euro Currency Unit		(1,609)		-		-	(1,609)
Indian Rupee		(108)		-		=	(108)
Japanese Yen		(115)		-		=	(115)
South African Rand		(246)		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	 (246)
Total foreign denominated derivatives		(2,446)	·	265		843	(1,338)
U.S. Dollar		<u>-</u>		(633)		9,505	 8,872
Total	\$	(2,446)	\$	(368)	\$	10,348	\$ 7,534

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at May 31, 2025. The Pool's investments in commingled debt funds were valued using the NAV, and as such, they have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

Options contracts written

Swaps

Assets	 Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	 Total
Bank loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,536	\$ 3,536
Corporate ABS residual	-	1,041	-	1,041
Corporate ABS	-	115,323	-	115,323
Corporate CMO	-	106,865	-	106,865
Corporate preferred securities	11,338	-	=	11,338
Foreign ABS	-	99,167	1,030	100,197
Foreign corporate bonds	-	256,225	-	256,225
Foreign currency forward contracts	_	439	-	439
Foreign equity investments	200	-	-	200
Foreign government bonds	-	197,863	550	198,413
Futures contracts	3,131	-	-	3,131
Money market mutual fund	195,093	-	-	195,093
Municipal bonds	_	17,493	-	17,493
Options contracts purchased	1,591	-	-	1,591
Repurchase agreement	-	120,000	-	120,000
Securities lending collateral	-	76,391	-	76,391
Swaps	-	35,324	=	35,324
U.S. corporate bonds	-	334,564	-	334,564
U.S. Government agency bonds	-	2,571	-	2,571
U.S. Government agency CMO	-	90,217	=	90,217
U.S. Government agency CMO IO	_	9,605	-	9,605
U.S. Government agency MBS	_	544,004	-	544,004
U.S. Government agency TBAs	-	275,460	-	275,460
U.S. Treasury issues	-	254,222	-	254,222
U.S. Treasury inflation protected securities		15,599		 15,599
Total	\$ 211,353	\$ 2,552,373	\$ 5,116	\$ 2,768,842
Commingled debt funds				 172,228
Total				\$ 2,941,070
Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$ -	\$ (2,885)	\$ -	\$ (2,885)
Futures contracts	(3,499)	- -	-	(3,499)

The Pool's investments in commingled debt funds were measured at the NAV as of May 31, 2025. These commingled debt funds invest in certain niche sectors, particularly those that are not a significant percentage to the Pool, to provide economies of scale and efficiencies in establishing and managing a diversified portfolio that would be otherwise difficult to achieve. These funds offer daily liquidity.

Total \$

(2,145)

(5,644)

(24,976)

(27,861)

(2,145)

(24,976)

(33,505)

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at May 31, 2025:

	Fair Value			
Securities on loan	\$	147,481		
Collateral received:				
Cash	\$	76,391		
Non-cash		74,975		
Total collateral received	\$	151,366		

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 6. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

Participant	Account Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 745,488
Public Employees' Retirement System	682,576
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B	204,408
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	192,240
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	181,322
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	155,869
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency	85,251
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund	59,572
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund	46,889
Public Employees Insurance Agency	44,707
State Police Retirement System	29,193
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System	27,416
Judges' Retirement System	24,026
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds	20,674
Board of Risk and Insurance Management	16,938
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System	16,080
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool	12,232
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool	9,974
Wildlife Endowment Fund	5,692
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund	4,756
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund	4,214
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System	4,090
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System	2,520
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust	767
Berkeley County Development Authority	545
Total	\$ 2,577,439

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
Fixed income investments		\$ 2,114,393
Money market mutual fund		18,702
Securities lending collateral		99,919
Receivables:		
Interest, dividends, and other investment income		14,451
Investments sold		 715
	Total assets	2,248,180
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		657
Payable for investments purchased		47,605
Payable upon return of securities loaned		 99,919
	Total liabilities	 148,181
	Net position	\$ 2,099,999
Unit data		
Units outstanding		166,117,748
Net position, unit price		\$ 12.64

Statement of Change in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month	Year To Date		
Investment income (loss)				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ (21,760)	\$	26,215	
Interest and dividends	7,660		84,628	
Securities lending income	352		4,442	
Total investment income (loss)	(13,748)		115,285	
Expenses				
Investment advisor fees	(281)		(2,995)	
Custodian bank fees	(4)		(47)	
Management and other allocated fees	(55)		(627)	
Securities lending expenses	 (331)		(4,182)	
Total expenses	 (671)		(7,851)	
Net investment income (loss)	(14,419)		107,434	
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units	3		177,866	
Amount paid for repurchase of units	(99,120)		(271,013)	
Net decrease from unit transactions	 (99,117)		(93,147)	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(113,536)		14,287	
Net position, beginning of period	2,213,535		2,085,712	
Net position, end of period	\$ 2,099,999	\$	2,099,999	

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Core Fixed Income Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The main objective of the Pool is to generate investment income, provide stability, and enhance diversification but not at the expense of total return. The Pool's investment objective is to outperform the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index over three- to five-year periods, net of external investment management fees. JP Morgan Investment Advisors manages this Pool.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's
 custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer
 quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury
 securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. For U.S. securities and foreign securities denominated in U.S. dollars, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Structured Securities - The Pool invests in various collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO), including interest-only (IO) and/or principal-only (PO) tranches, asset-backed securities (ABS), mortgage-backed securities (MBS), and structured corporate debt. The Pool invests in these securities to enhance yields on investments. Changes in market interest rates affect the cash flows of these securities and may result in changes in fair value. The overall return or yield on these securities depends on the changes in the interest and principal payment pattern and market value of the underlying assets.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of May 31, 2025:

Assets	Level 1		Level 2		Level 2 Level 3		Total		
Corporate ABS		\$	-	\$	226,755	\$	-	\$	226,755
Corporate CMO			-		97,008		_		97,008
Corporate CMO IO			-		91		-		91
Corporate CMO PO			-		1,510		-		1,510
Foreign ABS			_		2,462		-		2,462
Foreign corporate bonds			-		189,682		-		189,682
Foreign government bonds			-		7,939		-		7,939
Money market mutual fund			18,702		-		-		18,702
Municipal bonds			-		8,290		-		8,290
Securities lending collateral			-		99,919		-		99,919
U.S. corporate bonds			-		358,978		-		358,978
U.S. Government agency CMO			-		112,191		-		112,191
U.S. Government agency CMO IO			-		1,032		-		1,032
U.S. Government agency CMO PO			-		1,524		-		1,524
U.S. Government agency MBS			-		507,684		-		507,684
U.S. Treasury issues			-		599,247				599,247
•	Total	\$	18,702	\$	2,214,312	\$	-	\$	2,233,014

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at May 31, 2025:

	F	air Value
Securities on loan	\$	211,812
Collateral received:		
Cash	\$	99,919
Non-cash		117,428
Total collateral received	\$	217,347

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Account Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 737,898
Public Employees' Retirement System	675,690
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	154,280
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B	86,893
Workers' Compensation Old Fund	81,613
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	77,118
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund	58,930
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency	36,201
State Police Retirement System	28,896
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System	27,132
Judges' Retirement System	23,777
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds	20,460
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund	19,906
Public Employees Insurance Agency	18,993
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System	15,916
Board of Risk and Insurance Management	7,193
Wildlife Endowment Fund	5,635
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool	5,195
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool	4,236
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund	4,172
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System	4,050
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System	2,494
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund	2,021
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust	760
Berkeley County Development Authority	540
Total	\$ 2,099,999

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investments, at fair value:		
U.S. Treasury inflation protected securities		\$ 533,439
Money market mutual fund		132
Receivables:		
Interest, dividends, and other investment income		1,598
Investments sold		 10,010
	Total assets	545,179
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		41
Payable for investments purchased		 8,049
	Total liabilities	8,090
	Net position	\$ 537,089
Unit data		
Units outstanding		37,635,931
Net position, unit price		\$ 14.27

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

		Month	Year To Date		
Investment income (loss)					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest and dividend income Securities lending income	\$	(2,527) 523 6	\$	25,741 5,008 71	
Total investment income (loss)		(1,998)		30,820	
Expenses					
Investment advisor fees Custodian bank fees Management and other allocated fees		(6) - (14)		(61) (3) (149)	
Securities lending expenses		(1)		(18)	
Total expenses		(21)		(231)	
Net investment income (loss)		(2,019)		30,589	
Unit transactions					
Proceeds from sale of units Amount paid for repurchase of units		(3,770)		6,700 (13,893)	
Net decrease from unit transactions		(3,770)		(7,193)	
Increase (decrease) in net position		(5,789)		23,396	
Net position, beginning of period		542,878		513,693	
Net position, end of period	\$	537,089	\$	537,089	

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's TIPS Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool was established to offer an additional level of diversification over and above nominal fixed income securities in an attempt to mitigate the risk of inflation. The main objective for the Pool is to generate a return that exceeds the rate of inflation over a market cycle, to provide investment income and stability of principal, and to diversify interest rate exposure. The Pool's performance is measured against the Bloomberg 1-10 Year Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) Index on an annualized basis over rolling three- to five-year periods, gross of fees. Assets are managed by Northern Trust Investments.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies or other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for U.S. securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash collateral, if received, is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

The table below summarizes the valuation of the investment securities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy levels as of May 31, 2025:

Assets	Le	vel 1	 Level 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Money market mutual fund	\$	132	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 132
U.S. TIPS			533,439			533,439
Total	\$	132	\$ 533,439	\$	-	\$ 533,571

NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at May 31, 2025:

	Fair Value		
Securities on loan	\$	54,781	
Collateral received:			
Cash	\$	-	
Non-cash		55,984	
Total collateral received	\$	55,984	

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund	\$	259,387
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		132,774
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		82,327
Public Employees Insurance Agency		23,793
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		20,065
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		7,238
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		5,224
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		4,255
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		2,026
Total	\$	537,089

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

Assets

Investments, at fair value:			
Alternative investments		\$	5,944,125
Equity investments			197,690
Fixed income investments			13,820
Money market mutual fund			158,401
Securities lending collateral			12,101
Cash			17
Receivables:			
Income distributions from real estate limited partnerships and funds			783
Interest, dividends, and other investment income			988
	Total assets		6,327,925
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses			821
Payable upon return of securities loaned			12,101
	Total liabilities		12.022
	1 otal habilities		12,922
	Net position	\$	6,315,003
Unit data			
Units outstanding			200,390,880
Net position, unit price		\$	31.51
1 / 1		<u> </u>	

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month	Year To Date
Investment income (loss)		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Income from partnerships and funds Interest and dividends Fund closing interest Securities lending income	\$ (294) 14,488 940 1 48	\$ 23,077 125,487 12,632 2,479 622
Total investment income	15,183	164,297
Expenses		
Investment advisor fees	(82)	(909)
Custodian bank fees	(2)	(31)
Management and other allocated fees	(163)	(1,769)
Professional service fees - direct	(143)	(1,700)
Management fees - external, net	(54)	(4,011)
Fund closing costs	(1,698)	(2,201)
Securities lending expenses	(40)	(509)
Total expenses	(2,182)	(11,130)
Net investment income	13,001	153,167
Unit transactions		
Proceeds from sale of units	431	140,992
Amount paid for repurchase of units	(35,125)	(266,403)
Net decrease from unit transactions	(34,694)	(125,411)
Increase (decrease) in net position	(21,693)	27,756
Net position, beginning of period	6,336,696	6,287,247
Net position, end of period	\$ 6,315,003	\$ 6,315,003

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Private Markets Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The objective of the Pool is to provide for long-term growth of participants' assets and risk-reduction through diversification. The Pool primarily holds the WVIMB's investments in private credit & income funds, private equity funds, real estate investment trusts (REITs), and real estate limited partnerships and funds. Franklin Park, StepStone Group, and Verus have been retained by the WVIMB to provide consulting services related to the selection of limited partnerships and funds. Publicly traded assets are managed by CBRE Investment Management and Security Capital Research & Management.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

- Investments in private credit & income funds, private equity partnerships, real estate limited partnerships and funds, and other private funds are securities for which market quotations are not readily available. The WVIMB has concluded that the net asset value reported by the general partners or fund administrators approximates the fair value of these investments and consequently these investments are carried at net asset value as a practical expedient for fair market value. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the net asset value of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the WVIMB's interests in the funds. Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported net asset value. It is therefore reasonably possible that if the WVIMB were to sell these investments in the secondary market a buyer may require a discount to the reported net asset value, and the discount could be significant. The WVIMB believes that the net asset value of such investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of May 31, 2025.
- Equity securities are valued at the last sale price or official closing price reported in the market in which they are primarily traded.
- Equity securities that trade in non-U.S. markets are valued in U.S. dollars using period end spot market exchange rates as supplied by the Pool's custodian.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Fixed income securities are valued according to prices furnished by independent pricing services to the Pool's
 custodian. These services determine the security prices by a number of methods including, but not limited to, dealer
 quotes, live market trading levels when available, live feeds of trade execution data, spreads over U.S. Treasury
 securities, and other models and formulae appropriate to the specific security type.
- Open-end regulated investment companies and other commingled investment funds are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Foreign Currency - Amounts denominated in or expected to settle in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates reported by the Pool's custodian on the following basis:

- Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the closing rate of exchange at the valuation date.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Securities Lending - The WVIMB, through its lending agent, Northern Trust (NT), loans securities of the Pool to various brokers on a temporary basis. Each transaction for international and domestic securities is secured by collateral based on the market value of the securities loaned. The required collateral percentage varies based on the type of collateral received and the type of security loaned. For U.S. securities, the required percentage of cash collateral and non-cash collateral consisting of debt obligations and securities issued by the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities is at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned plus accrued income, if applicable. For international securities, the required percentage is 105 percent unless the foreign securities loaned are denominated and payable in U.S. dollars, then the collateral shall be at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities loaned. Loans of equity securities may also be collateralized by equity securities and the required percentage of non-cash collateral consisting of equity securities is at least 107 percent of the market value of the securities loaned.

Cash collateral received is invested in the West Virginia Custom Account (Cash Collateral Account). The Cash Collateral Account's investment objective is to maximize current income to the extent capital is preserved and liquidity is maintained. The Cash Collateral Account seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share by following strict credit quality, maturity, liquidity, and diversification requirements. Except for underlying repurchase agreement transactions, the Pool is liable for investment losses in the Cash Collateral Account. The lending agent contractually indemnifies the WVIMB for any repurchase agreement investment losses.

Investments made with cash are reported at fair value on the Statement of Net Position. Securities loaned remain on the Statement of Net Position. The WVIMB has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. The WVIMB receives compensation in the form of loan premium fees and income from the investment of the cash collateral. Expenses related to the lending of securities are rebates paid by the lending agent to brokers and the lending agent's fees for its services. Securities lending income and expenses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position. The WVIMB also continues to receive interest or dividends on the securities loaned. Gains or losses in the fair value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loans are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as a net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income from Partnerships - Income from private equity partnerships, real estate partnerships, private credit & income funds, and other private funds are recognized when distributed to the partners.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. Direct investment-related costs include fees charged by external managers, reported net of rebates, that are outside of their respective partnership or fund, the custodian bank, legal counsel, and the consultant. Other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size.

The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal and state income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

In certain foreign countries the Pool's dividend income and capital gains may be taxable. Such taxes are generally withheld from the payments of these types of income and as a result there is no provision recorded for these taxes. In certain cases there may be a full or partial reclaim available for the withheld taxes. The outstanding reclaims are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Dividend income is reported net of non-reclaimable taxes withheld on the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 established a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities with redemption terms that are not short term.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The table that follows sets forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Pool's assets and liabilities are measured at May 31, 2025. All of the Pool's investments in private credit & income funds, private equity partnerships, real estate limited partnerships and funds, and other private funds were valued using the NAV, and as such, they have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy table.

Assets]	Level 1	I	Level 2	Lev	vel 3	Total
Foreign common stock	\$	40,997	\$	=	\$	-	\$ 40,997
Money market mutual fund		158,401		=		-	158,401
Securities lending collateral		-		12,101		-	12,101
U.S. common stock		146,455		-		=	146,455
U.S. corporate bonds		-		13,820		-	13,820
U.S. preferred stock		10,238		-			 10,238
Total	\$	356,091	\$	25,921	\$	=	\$ 382,012
Private credit & income funds							1,178,508
Private equity partnerships							2,503,459
Real estate limited partnerships and funds							 2,262,158
Total							\$ 6,326,137

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

The following table presents information on investments measured at the NAV as of May 31, 2025:

Strategies	Fair Value			funded mitments	Contractual Termination Date Range	Redemption Frequency (a)	Redemption Notice Period
Private credit & income funds:							
Asset-Backed Credit (b)	\$ 417,202	2	\$	217,089	2026 to 2032	N/A	N/A
Core Private Credit (c)	635,13	5		139,838	2031	Quarterly	45 days
Specialty & Opportunistic Credit (d)	126,17	1		152,238	2026 to 2029	N/A	N/A
Private equity partnerships:							
Corporate Finance - Buyout (e)	1,640,659	9		495,696	2025 to 2035	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Distressed Debt (f)	19,96	5		16,263	2026	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Growth Equity (g)	158,33	7		80,521	2025 to 2034	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Hard Assets (h)	159,16	5		33,874	2025 to 2033	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Mezzanine (i)	2,10	3		480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Structured Capital (j)	61,070	0		47,296	2025 to 2032	N/A	N/A
Corporate Finance - Turnaround (k)	102,32	8		120,982	2026 to 2036	N/A	N/A
Venture Capital (l)	359,832	2		40,116	2026 to 2034	N/A	N/A
Real estate limited partnerships and funds:							
Core (m)	1,159,269	9		-	N/A	Quarterly	45-90 days
Opportunistic (n)	403,588	3		201,497	2025 to 2034	N/A	N/A
Value (o)	699,301	1		473,951	2025 to 2068	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 5,944,125	5	\$ 2	2,019,841			

- (a) Investments without standard redemption frequencies cannot be redeemed until termination of the partnership.
- (b) Asset-backed credit funds typically invest in asset-backed loans collateralized by commercial or consumer receivables, assets, or loans, as well as other specialty types of commercial loans. This also includes real estate debt funds that invest in mezzanine or other subordinated real estate debt, and/or target higher risk properties than a typical core fund. Asset-backed credit investments are typically in the mid-range of the risk return spectrum of the private credit market.
- (c) Core private credit funds are primarily senior-secured commercial loans that are on the more conservative end of the spectrum of the private credit market. This may also include funds that invest in senior real estate mortgages and other debt that is structured such that it is considered to have a core risk/return profile. The returns on core private credit investments are expected to be derived from contractual income.
- (d) Specialty & opportunistic credit funds is a broad classification that includes different types of debt strategies that have the highest risk-return profile in the private credit market. This may include strategies that invest in distressed debt, complex capital solutions, special situation loans, or market dislocations. It also includes specialized financing to specific industries that are underserved by the general debt markets. The returns on these assets are generally derived from both contractual income and an equity component.
- (e) Corporate Finance Buyout funds acquire controlling or influential interests in companies.
- (f) Corporate Finance Distressed Debt funds acquire the debt of companies experiencing operational or financial distress usually converting the debt to equity and exercising control of the business.
- (g) Corporate Finance Growth Equity funds invest in companies to expand or restructure operations, enter new markets, or finance an acquisition.
- (h) Corporate Finance Hard Assets funds acquire controlling or influential interests in companies operating in natural resources or infrastructure.
- (i) Corporate Finance Mezzanine funds acquire or issue subordinated debentures frequently in businesses controlled by the General Partner, but in another fund.
- (j) Corporate Finance Structured Capital funds combine common equity, preferred equity, fixed-income, and/or customized debt instruments to offer capital appreciation with downside protection.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

- (k) Corporate Finance Turnaround funds acquire the debt and or equity of companies experiencing operational or financial distress in order to radically reorganize and improve the business.
- Venture Capital funds make investments in early stage through late stage companies, frequently start-ups in technology or healthcare.
- (m) Core funds are more conservative real estate investments that use a very modest level of financing to acquire and hold high-quality, stable properties typically located in major markets. Assets within these strategies tend to have high occupancy rates, higher credit tenants, and staggered lease terms, with a number of long-term leases expiring in five-toten years.
- (n) Opportunistic funds have higher risk/return profiles and have broad strategies to achieve these types of returns. Common strategies are properties that need significant rehabilitation or a total redevelopment to transition to a different type of property (for example, converting an office building to condominiums). It may also include new development, distressed debt strategies, and more complex transactions, as well as a more traditional value-add strategy that is financed with a higher amount of leverage.
- (o) Value funds typically use more leverage than core funds and target higher return opportunities by acquiring properties that the manager believes they can add value through capital renovations to the physical facility or enhanced leasing and management activities. Most of these properties have in-place cash flow, which is expected to increase as the business plans are implemented. This could include making physical improvements to the asset that will allow it to command higher rents, increasing efforts to lease vacant space at the property to quality tenants, or improving the management of the property and thereby increasing customer satisfaction or lowering operating expenses where possible.

NOTE 4. SECURITIES LENDING

The following table presents the amounts of various accounts related to securities lending at May 31, 2025:

	Fair Value		
Securities on loan	\$	15,745	
Collateral received:			
Cash	\$	12,101	
Non-cash		4,155	
Total collateral received	\$	16,256	

NT, as agent for the WVIMB, loans the WVIMB's securities to various counterparties. These transactions are executed under a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement (SLAA) which permits NT under certain circumstances, such as defaults, to offset amounts payable to the same counterparty against amounts to be received and thus create one single net payment due to or from the counterparty. The amounts listed in the above table represent all securities loaned which are subject to the SLAA on a net payment basis. The WVIMB has elected not to offset the fair value of the securities on loan against the liability for the return of the collateral on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Acc	ount Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	2,599,326
Public Employees' Retirement System		2,376,098
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		524,505
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		209,674
State Police Retirement System		99,928
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		95,209
Judges' Retirement System		81,851
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		70,839
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		68,683
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		55,381
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		25,566
Wildlife Endowment Fund		19,157
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		17,279
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		14,191
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		14,184
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		14,018
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		8,904
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		6,243
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		4,509
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		3,676
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		2,193
Berkeley County Development Authority		1,836
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		1,753
Total	\$	6,315,003

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Financial Statements - Unaudited May 31, 2025

Table of Contents

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
Notes to Financial Statements	3

Statement of Net Position - Unaudited May 31, 2025

(Amounts in thousands, except unit data)

A	S	S	e	t	S

Investments in hedge funds at fair value Receivable for investment funds redeemed		\$ 3,070,048 726
	Total assets	3,070,774
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses	-	234
	Net position	\$ 3,070,540
Unit data		
Units outstanding Net position, unit price	=	\$ 126,853,459 24.21

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Unaudited Period Ended May 31, 2025*

(Amounts in thousands)

	Month		Year To Date	
Investment income				
Net increase in fair value of investments Dividend income	\$	59,393	\$	282,658 172
Total investment income		59,393		282,830
Expenses				
Professional service fees - direct Custodian bank fees		(39)		(467) (1)
Management and other allocated fees		(77)		(829)
Total expenses		(116)		(1,297)
Net investment income		59,277		281,533
Unit transactions				
Proceeds from sale of units		3,171		48,483
Amount paid for repurchase of units		(3,056)		(161,381)
Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions		115		(112,898)
Increase in net position		59,392		168,635
Net position, beginning of period		3,011,148		2,901,905
Net position, end of period	\$	3,070,540	\$	3,070,540

^{*}The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning on July 1. The "year to date" information is for the period July 1 through the month listed. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board (WVIMB) was organized on April 25, 1997, as a public body corporate created by *West Virginia Code §12-6-1* to provide prudent fiscal administration and investment management services to designated state pension funds, the state's Workers' Compensation and Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis funds, and certain other state government funds.

A Board of Trustees, consisting of thirteen members, governs the WVIMB. The Governor, the State Auditor, and the State Treasurer are ex officio members of the Board of Trustees. The Governor appoints all other Trustees for a term of six years.

The WVIMB operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the investments and investment related operations of the WVIMB's Hedge Fund Pool (Pool). They do not reflect activity of the other investment pools under the control of the WVIMB or the Administrative Fund of the WVIMB, or any other assets or liabilities, or restrictions thereon, or the various investment pool participants. Accordingly, these financial statements are not intended to and do not present the comprehensive financial position and operations of the WVIMB or any of the investment pool participants.

The WVIMB accounts for the Pool under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Pool was established to hold the WVIMB's investments in hedge funds. The objective of the Pool is to reduce risk through diversification of participants' assets. The primary performance benchmark is the Hedge Funds Research, Inc. Fund of Funds Composite Index plus 100 Basis points. The secondary benchmark is the Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 3 Month U.S. T-Bill Index plus 500 basis points. Albourne America has been retained by the WVIMB to provide consulting services for this investment strategy.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment Valuation - The WVIMB reports its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion and presentation of the reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 72.

Fair value of the Pool's investments is determined on the last business day of each month as follows:

• Investments in hedge funds are securities for which market quotations are not readily available. The WVIMB has concluded that the net asset value reported by the underlying funds approximates the fair value of these investments and consequently these investments are carried at net asset value as a practical expedient for fair market value. These investments are redeemable with the fund at net asset value under the original terms of the agreements and operations of the underlying fund. However, it is possible that these redemption rights may be restricted or eliminated by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the net asset value of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the WVIMB's interests in the funds. Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported net asset value. It is therefore reasonably possible that if the WVIMB were to sell these investments in the secondary market a buyer may require a discount to the reported net asset value, and the discount could be significant. The WVIMB believes that the net asset value of such investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of May 31, 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

 Open-end regulated investment companies are valued at the net asset value of the fund as reported by the fund's administrator.

Investments for which the fair value cannot be determined by one of the above listed processes are valued at fair value as determined in accordance with the WVIMB's established procedures.

Investment Transactions - Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unit Valuation and Participant Transactions - The unit price of the Pool is calculated on the last business day of the month by dividing the net position of the Pool by the number of outstanding units. Participant accounts undergo a monthly rebalancing process to maintain their defined asset allocation. Participant transactions that occur as part of the rebalancing process are executed as a purchase or redemption on the first business day of each month using the prior month-end unit price.

Distributions to Participants - The Pool does not routinely distribute dividends of net investment income.

Expenses - The WVIMB's Trustees adopt an annual budget and fee schedule for services to be provided to all of the investment pools under its management. Each investment pool is charged for its direct investment-related cost and for its allocated share of other expenses. These other expenses are allocated to the individual pools based on asset size. The WVIMB pays all expenses on behalf of the Pool. In addition to these direct and allocated expenses, the Pool bears certain expenses indirectly, such as fees of other investment funds in which the Pool invests that are reflected in the reported net asset value of such funds.

Income Taxes - The WVIMB is a public corporation organized under laws of the State of West Virginia and exempt from U.S. federal and state taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required as of May 31, 2025.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value of an investment is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

GASB Statement No. 72 established a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered active; observable inputs other than observable quoted prices for the asset or liability; or inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable pricing inputs for assets and liabilities with redemption terms that are not short term.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

U.S. GAAP does not require the Pool to categorize within the fair value hierarchy table investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. All of the Pool's investments in hedge funds were valued using the NAV, and as such, they have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The following table presents information on investments measured at the NAV as of May 31, 2025:

				Redemption
Hedge Fund Strategies	Fair Value		Redemption Frequency	Notice Period
Directional (a)	\$	499,458	Monthly, Quarterly	5 to 65 days
Equity long/short (b)		576,119	Quarterly	45 to 90 days
Event-driven (c)		478,823	Quarterly, Annually	60 to 180 days
Long-biased (d)		107,339	Monthly	90 days
Multi-strategy (e)		312,986	Monthly, Quarterly	60 days
Relative-value (f)		1,077,039	Weekly, Quarterly	5 to 90 days
	\$	3,051,764		
In liquidation (g)		18,284		
Total	\$	3,070,048		

- (a) Directional funds employ various techniques to forecast the direction of segments of the market and then invest in either long or short positions. The segments may be geographic economies, industry sectors, currency, or asset class. The investments may be in physical securities or derivatives. The strategies may be trend-following or mean-reverting and may be specific to that segment or universally applied across them. Investments representing approximately 26 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (b) Equity long/short funds involve taking long positions in stocks that are expected to increase in value and short positions in stocks that are expected to decrease in value. Investments representing approximately 76 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (c) Event-driven funds maintain positions in companies currently or prospectively involved in various corporate transactions including, but not limited to, mergers, restructurings, financial distress, tender offers, shareholder buybacks, debt exchanges, security issuance or other capital structure adjustments. Security types can range from most senior in the capital structure to most junior or subordinated, and frequently involve additional derivative securities. Event-driven exposure includes a combination of sensitivities to equity markets, credit markets and company-specific developments. All investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (d) Long-biased funds employ analytical techniques in which the investment thesis is predicated on assessment of the valuation characteristics on the underlying companies with the goal of identifying undervalued companies. Long-biased strategies may vary the investment level or the level of long exposure over market cycles, but the primary distinguishing characteristic is that the manager maintains consistent long exposure.
- (e) Multi-strategy funds combine several strategies within the same fund in order to provide diversification benefits to reduce return volatility and decrease asset-class and single-strategy risks. These funds typically add incremental returns through active allocation adjustments based on market opportunities. Risk is managed through a combination of quantitative and qualitative constraints including, but not limited to, active risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, manager risk, derivatives risk, and leverage risk. All investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (f) Relative-value funds maintain positions in which the investment thesis is predicated on the realization of a valuation discrepancy in the relationship between multiple securities. Managers employ a variety of fundamental and quantitative techniques to establish investment insights, and security types range broadly across equity, fixed income, derivative or other security types. Fixed income strategies are typically quantitatively driven to measure the existing relationship between instruments and, in some cases, identify attractive positions in which the risk-adjusted spread between these instruments represents an attractive opportunity. Investments representing approximately 72 percent of the fair value of the investments in this strategy are subject to maximum withdrawal restrictions.
- (g) Funds currently in liquidation are no longer managed to a defined strategy. As the remaining underlying assets of these funds are monetized, their proceeds are distributed to shareholders. The timing of these future distributions is unknown.

Notes to Financial Statements

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4. SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATION

The following schedule provides the value of participants' accounts in the Pool at May 31, 2025:

<u>Participant</u>	Acco	unt Value
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	1,145,448
Public Employees' Retirement System		1,046,977
West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund		231,126
Workers' Compensation Old Fund		140,471
State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund		92,393
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Agency		74,120
State Police Retirement System		44,035
Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System		41,954
Public Employees Insurance Agency		36,285
Judges' Retirement System		36,068
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund		34,263
Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund - Part B		33,800
Municipal Policemen's or Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds		30,265
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System		24,405
Board of Risk and Insurance Management		12,380
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Security Risk Pool		8,942
Wildlife Endowment Fund		8,442
Workers' Compensation Self-Insured Employer Guaranty Risk Pool		7,292
Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System		6,254
West Virginia State Parks and Recreation Endowment Fund		6,250
Natural Resources Police Officer Retirement System		3,923
Workers' Compensation Uninsured Employers' Fund		3,478
West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Trust		1,160
Berkeley County Development Authority		809
Total	\$	3,070,540